

Nutrient Dynamics in Tidally Restricted Regions of the Elkhorn Slough National Estuarine Research Reserve



Frans Lanting

Mo Wise Fall 2017

Southern Pacific Railroad



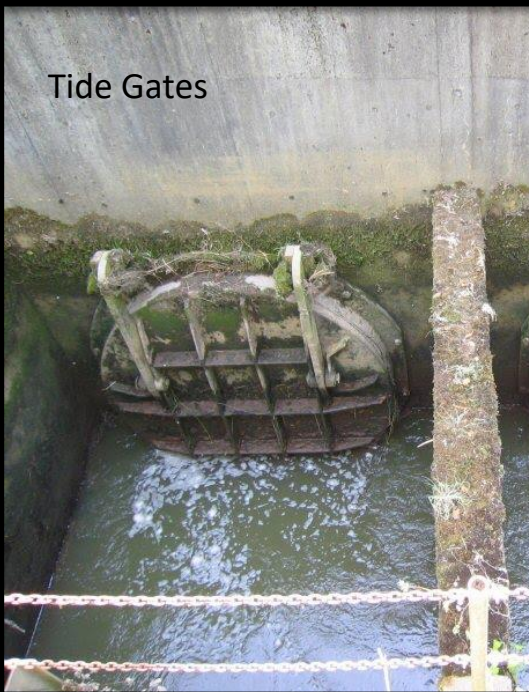
Old agricultural berms



Culverts



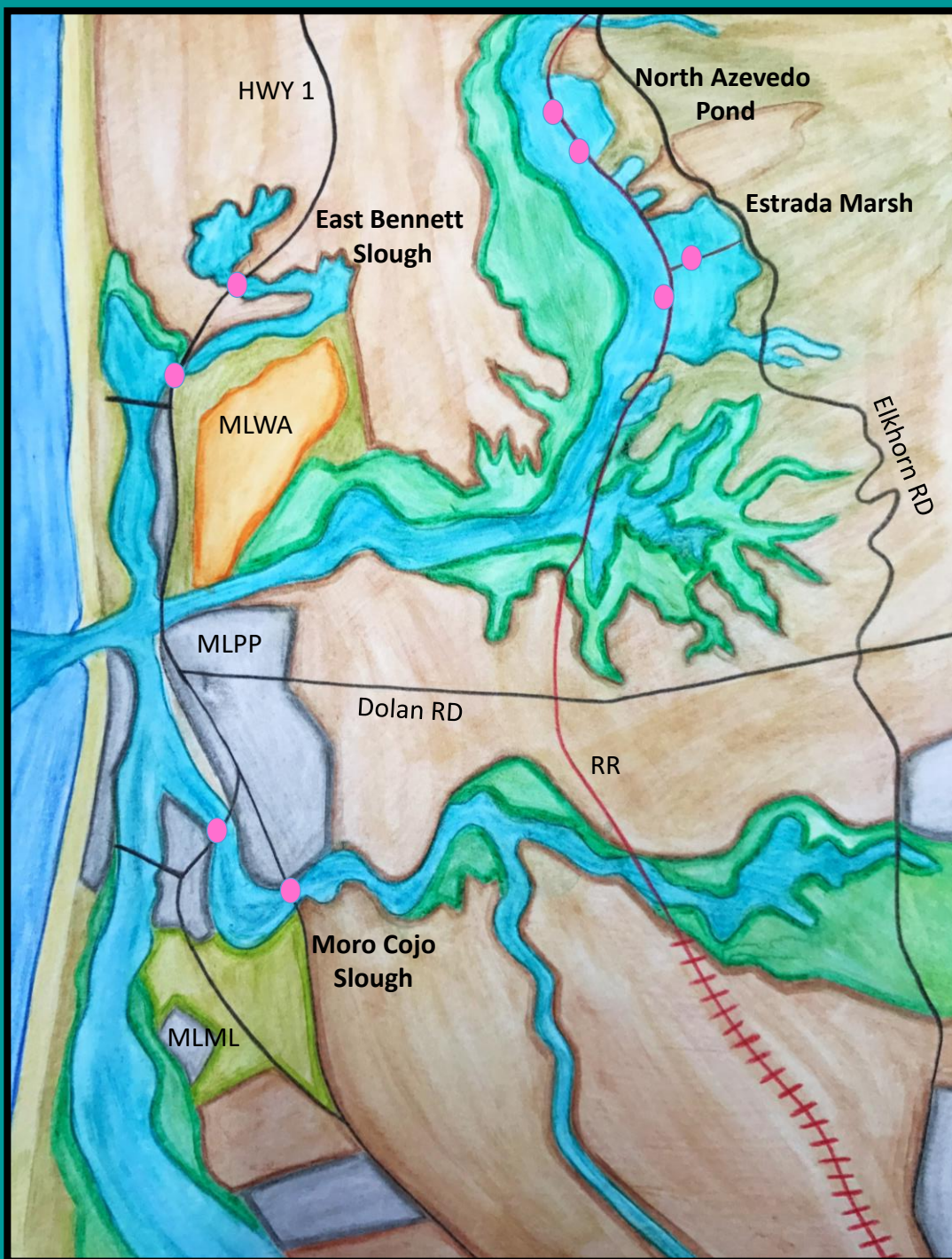
Tide Gates



Research Questions

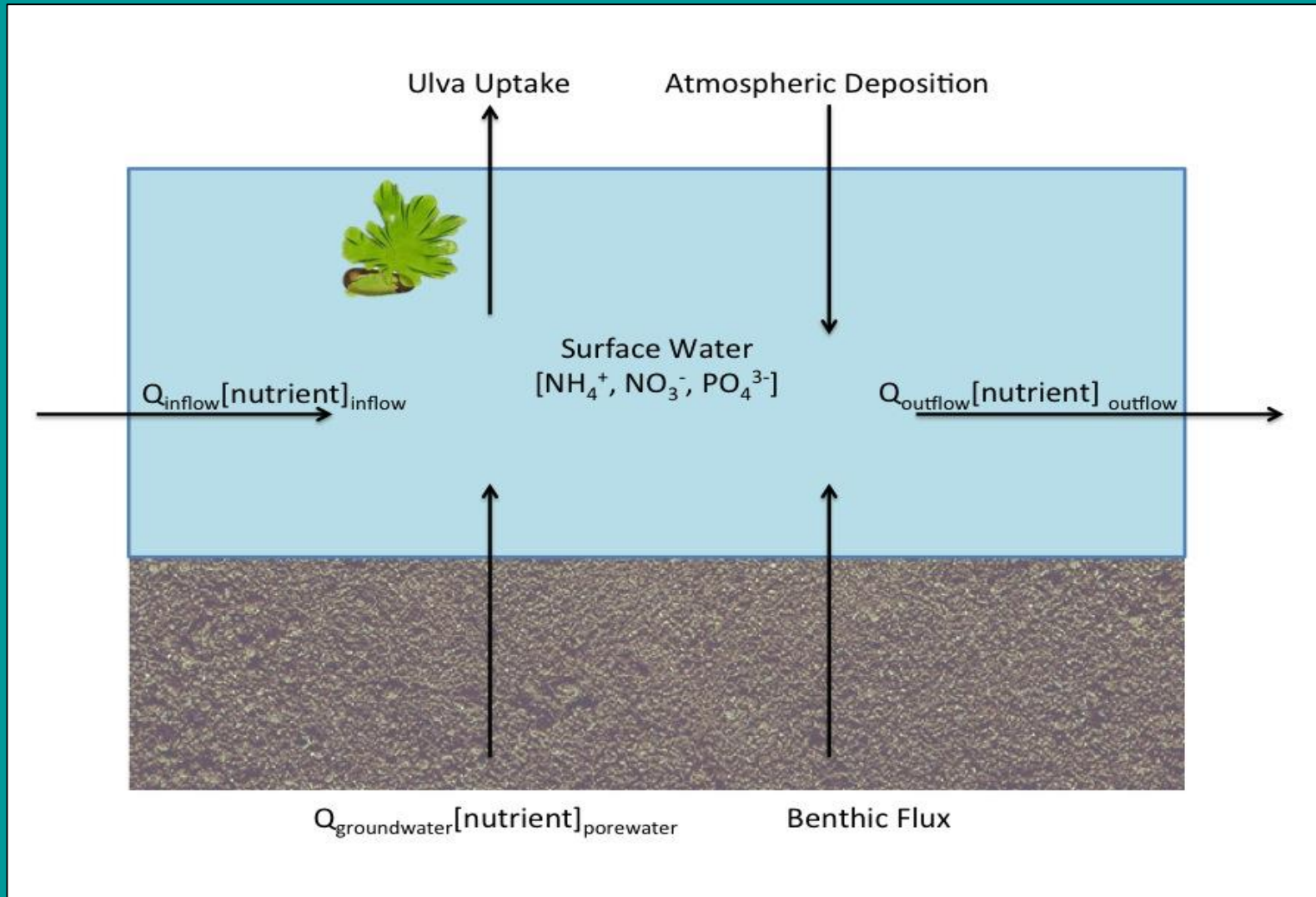
- What is the source and relative magnitude of nutrients from groundwater, surface water, sediments and biota in tidally restricted regions on the Elkhorn Slough?
- Which of these nutrient sources and sinks change on a seasonal basis, and what is the magnitude of their temporal variability?

Study Sites



METHODS



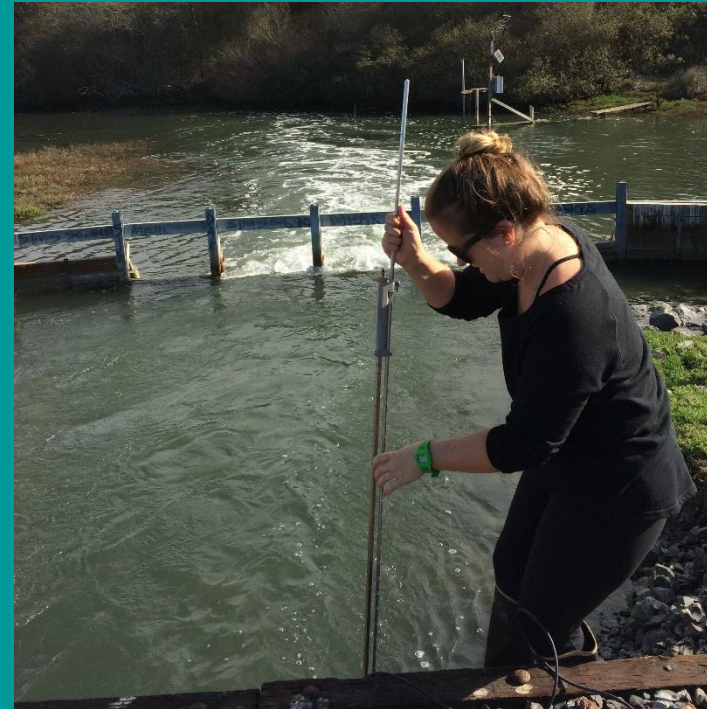


Water Column processes = Sources – Sinks

Water Column Characteristics:

Measuring temp, pH, salinity, DO, Flow
Weekly

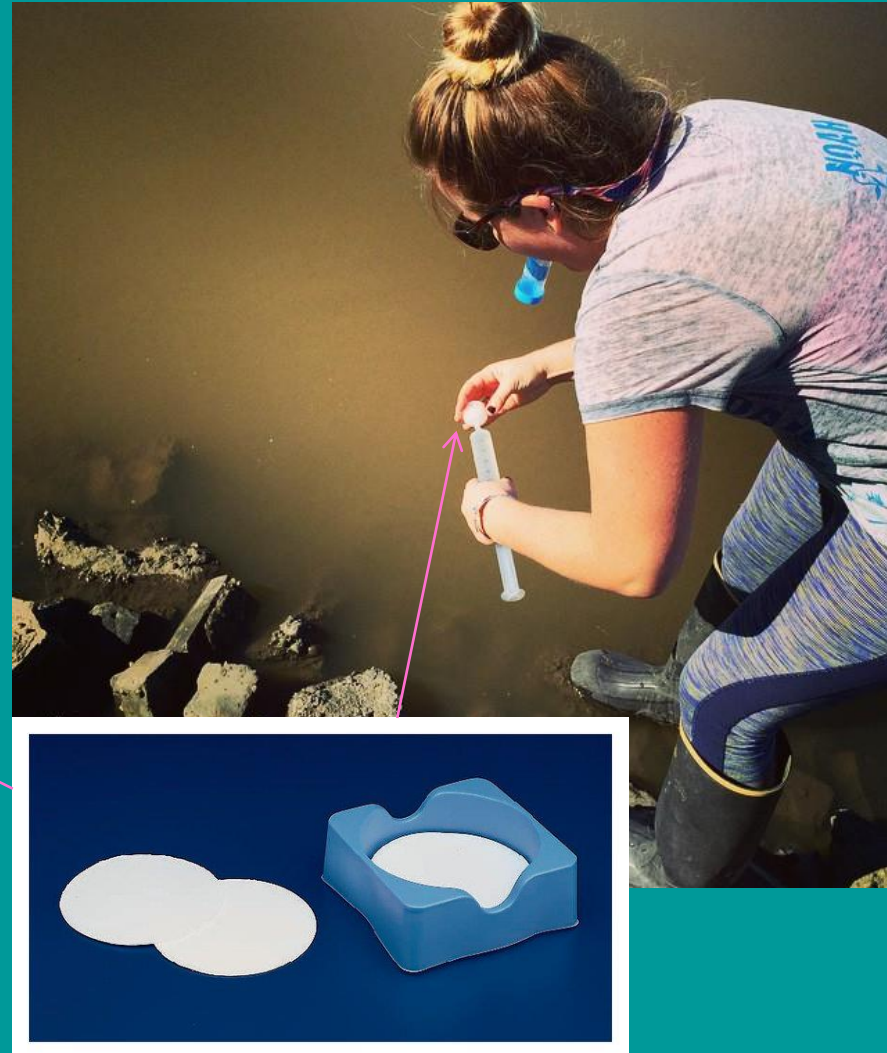
Methods



Nutrient Monitoring in Surface Waters:

Methods

Grab Samples
Weekly

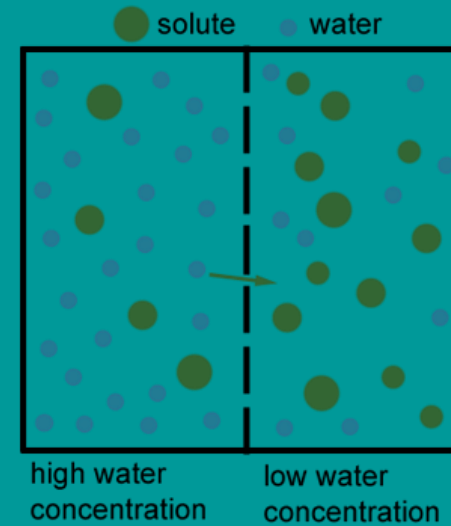
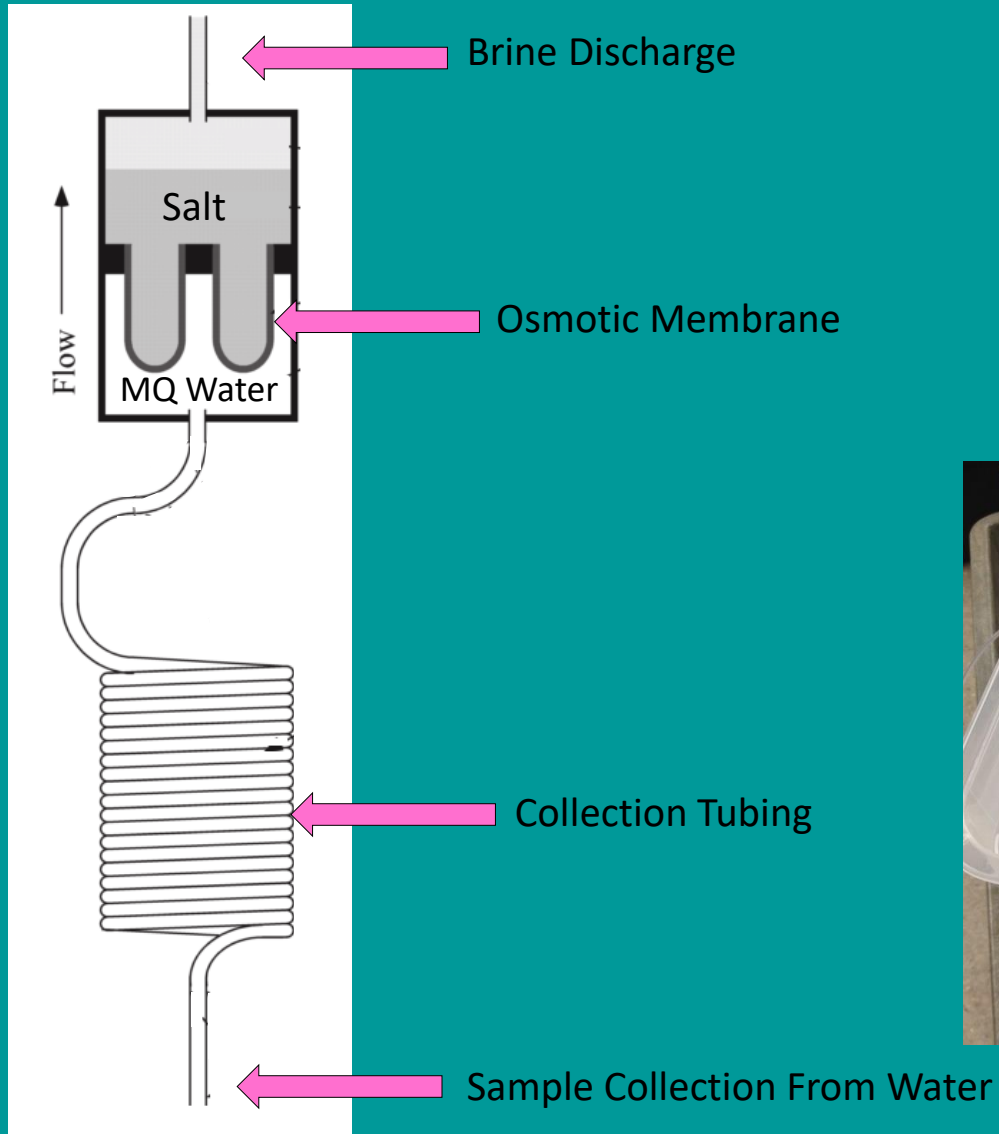


Nutrient Monitoring in Surface Waters:

Methods

OsmoSamplers

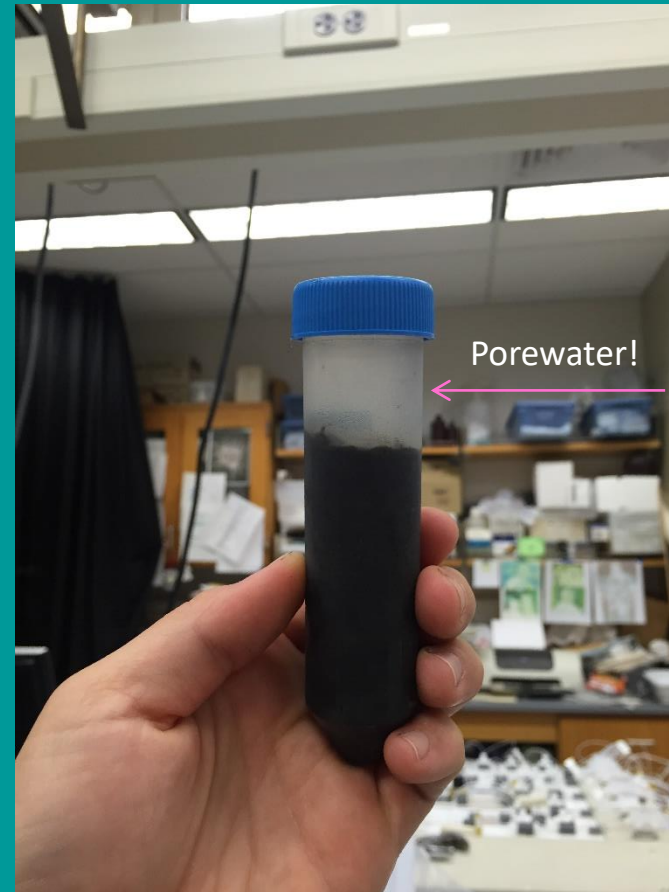
Continuous



Porewater Nutrient Concentrations:

Porewater: Diffusive Flux
Seasonal

Methods

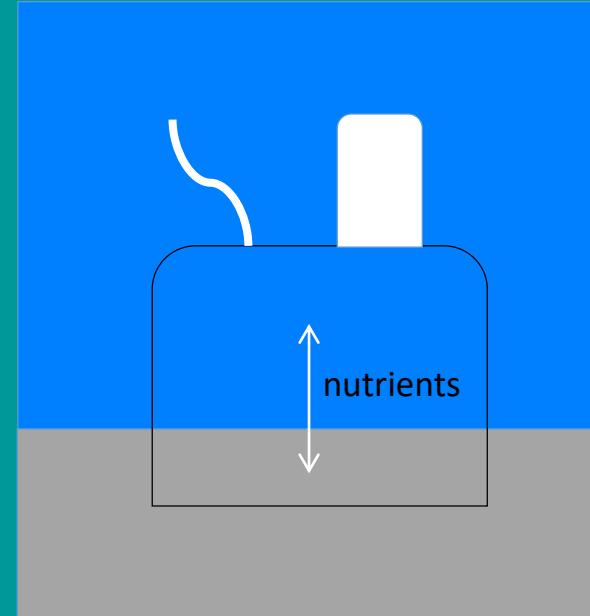


Benthic Flux Chambers:

Diffusive and Advective flux

Seasonally

Methods



$$\text{Flux} = \frac{\Delta \text{ nutrients}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ day}}$$

Organic Carbon cores

Methods

Loss On Ignition “LOI”

$$\% \text{ Organic Material} = \left[\frac{\text{pre-ignition weight (g)} - \text{post-ignition weight (g)}}{\text{pre-ignition weight (g)}} \right] * 100$$



Groundwater Discharge

Methods

- Correlate with porewater nutrient concentrations



$$GW_{flux} = \{[(A_{box} - A_{out})V_{box}]/\tau\}/A_{PW}$$

Results in the amount of groundwater attributing to surface water per day
($\text{m}^3 \text{m}^{-1} \text{d}^{-1}$)

Ulva Biomass

- Percent Cover

Methods



Ulva Biomass

Methods

- Percent Cover



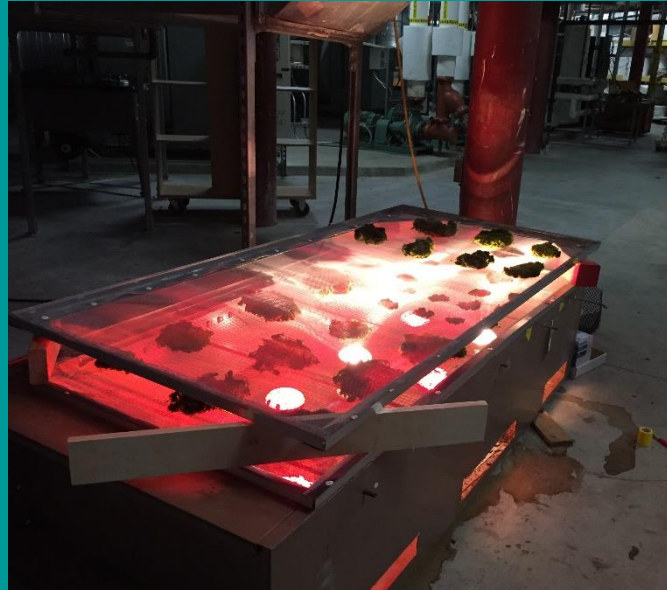
Moro Cojo Slough



East Bennett Slough

Ulva Biomass

Methods



Aerial Photos: M² of Algal Cover Each Month

Algae Cores: Grams M⁻² Each Month

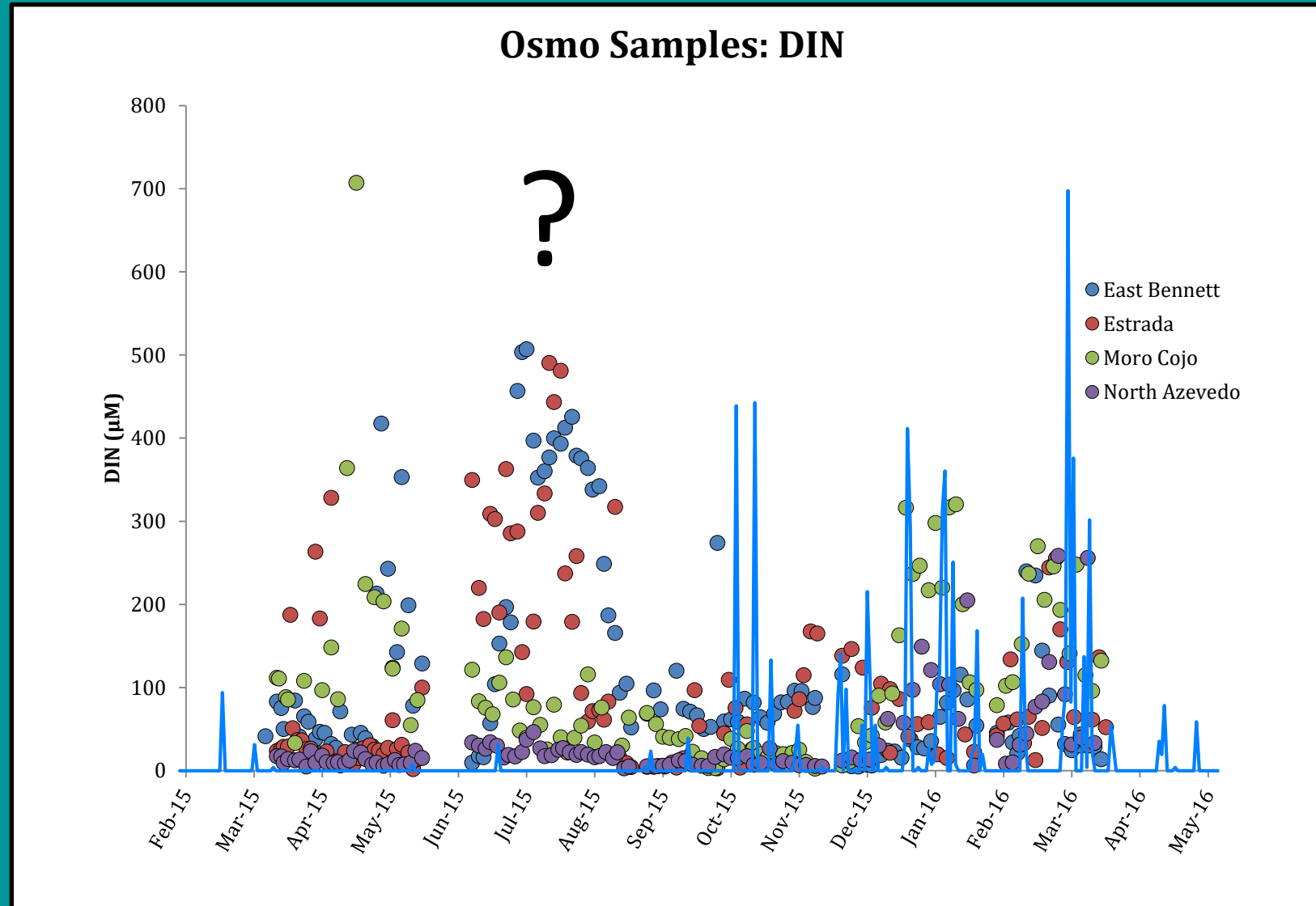
$$M^2 \times \left(\frac{\text{algae (grams)}}{M^2} \right) = \text{Total Algae (grams)}$$



RESULTS



OsmoSampler: Dissolved Inorganic Nitrogen



DIN = Ammonium + Nitrate + Nitrite

Benthic Flux Measurements

Results

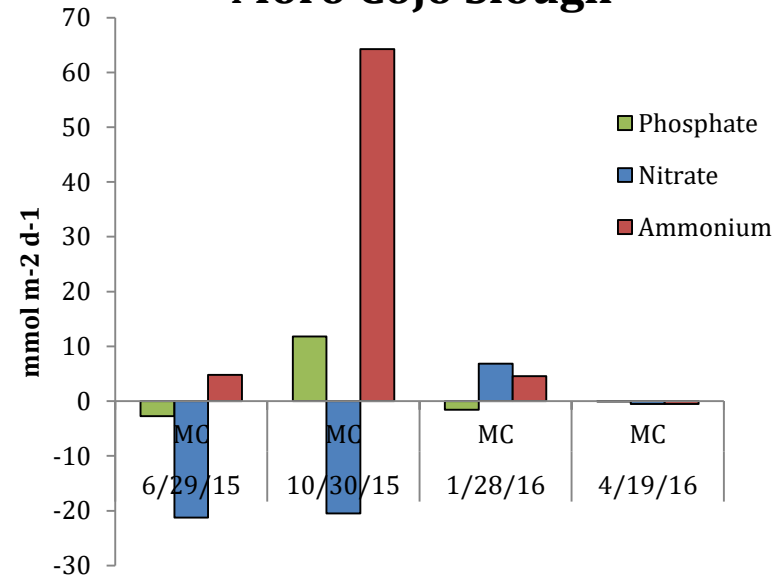
Ammonium



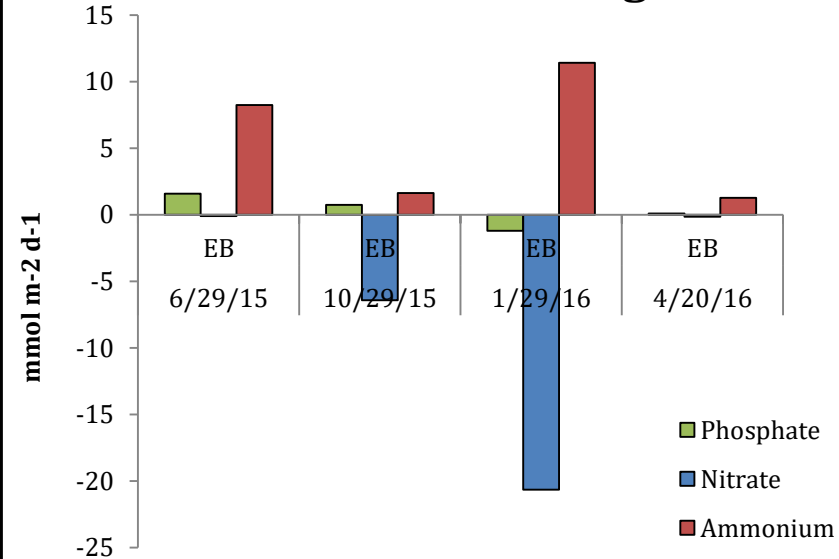
Nitrate



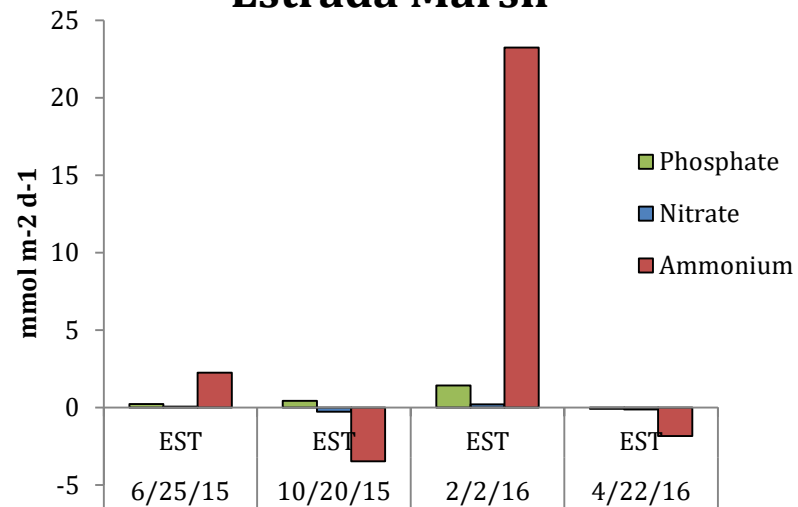
Moro Cojo Slough



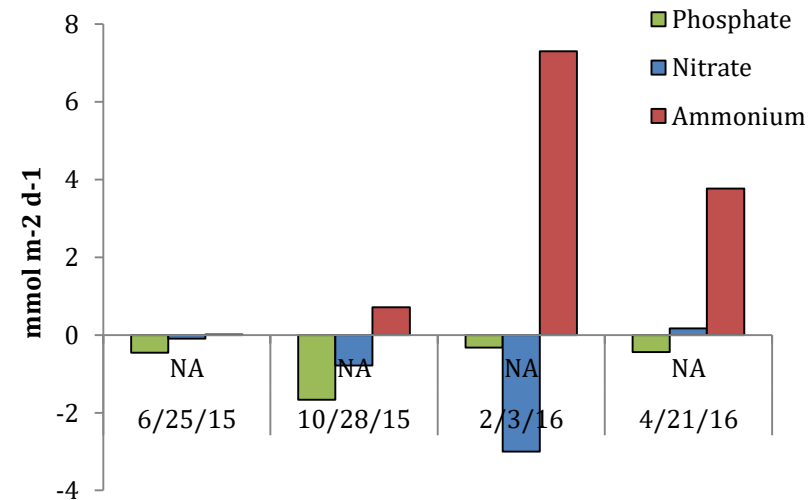
East Bennett Slough



Estrada Marsh



North Azevedo



Groundwater Flux

Results

Groundwater Flux		
	September 2015 – Dry Season	March 2016 – Wet Season
Moro Cojo Slough	398.64 m ³ /day	1304.64 m ³ /day
East Bennett Slough	4500.76 m ³ /day	4670.6 m ³ /day
Estrada Marsh	3730.14 m ³ /day	6775.52 m ³ /day
North Azevedo Pond	880.6 m ³ /day	1610.24 m ³ /day



Ulva Cover

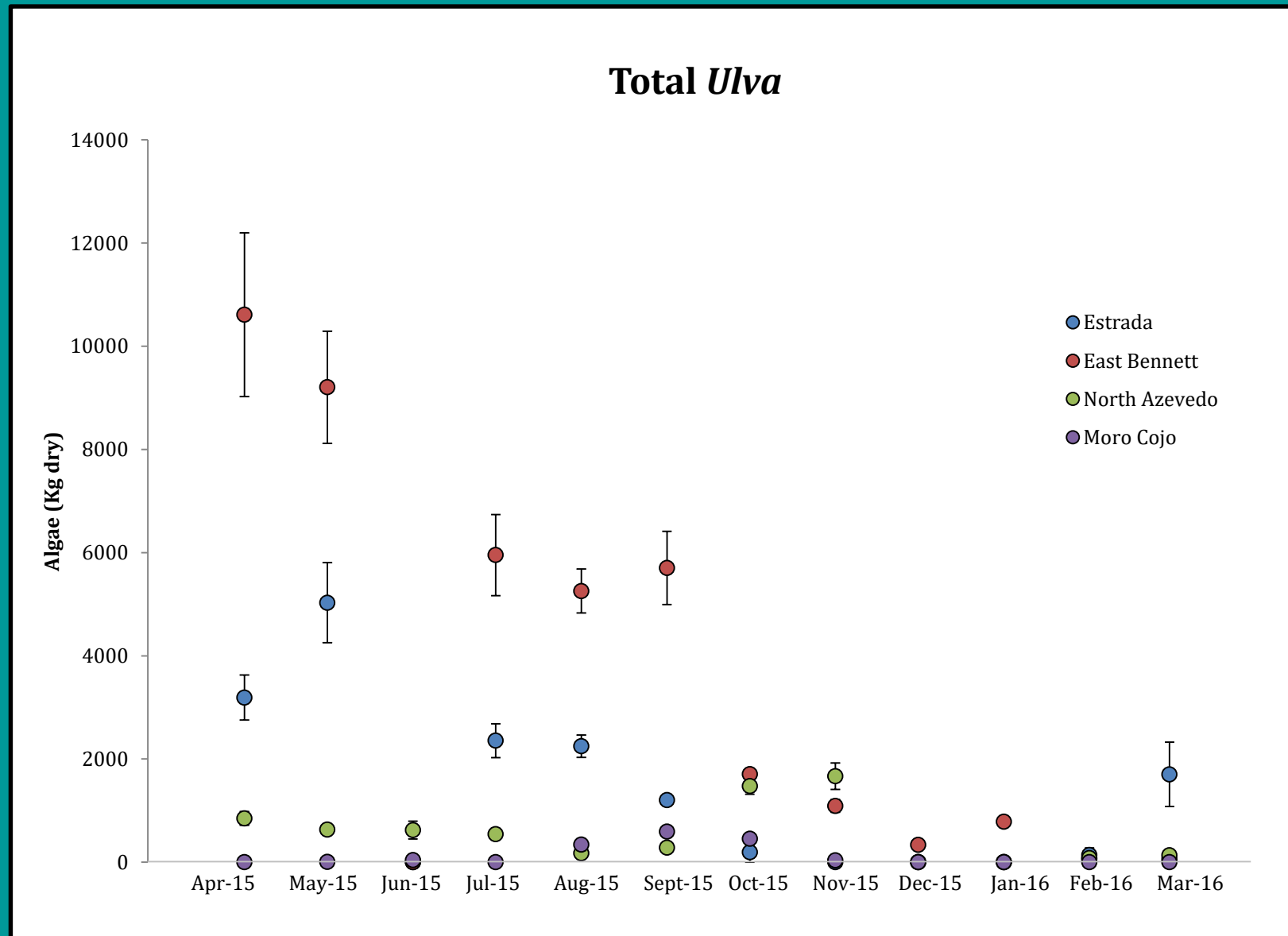


East Bennett Slough

Results

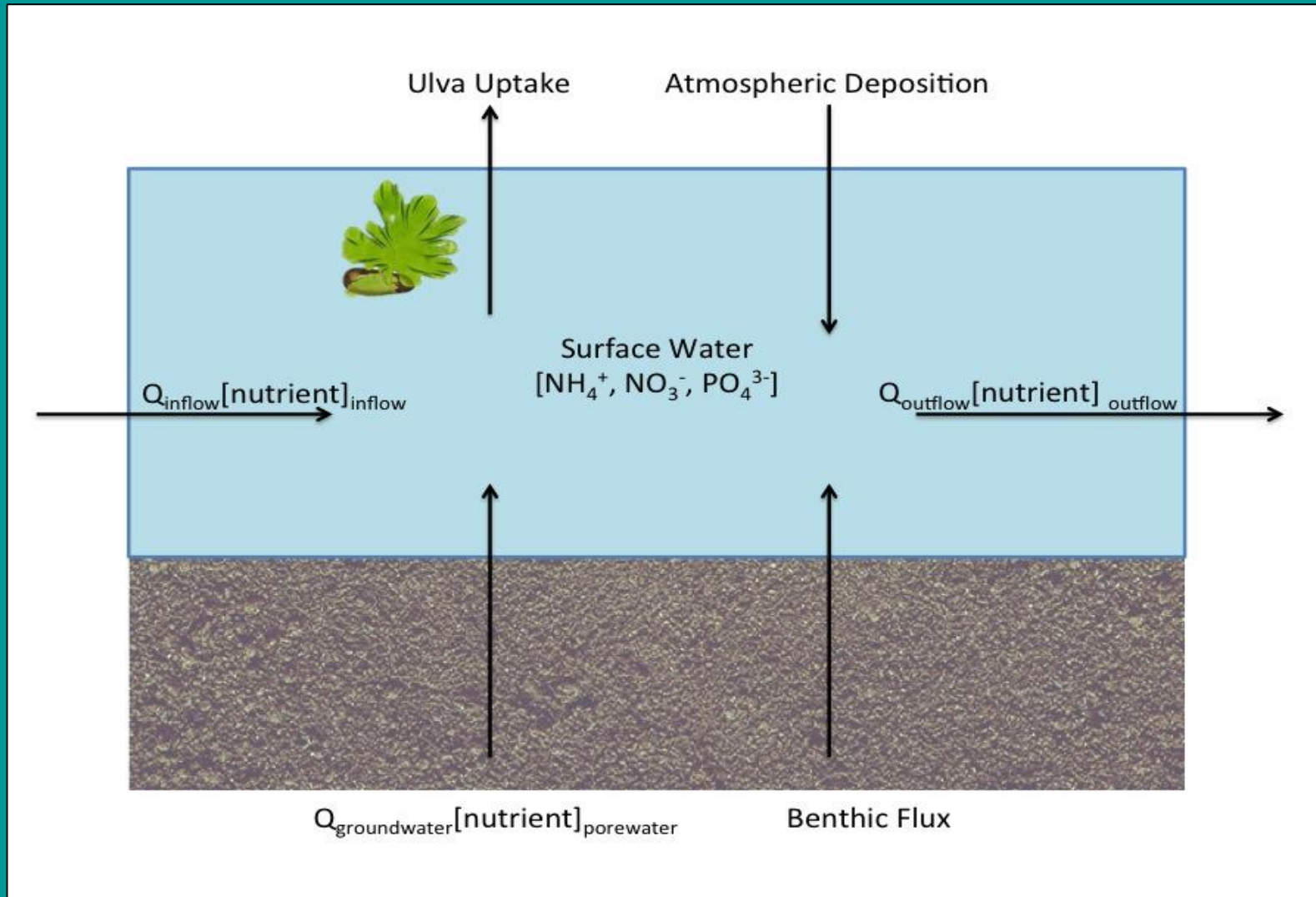


North Azevedo Pond

Total *Ulva*

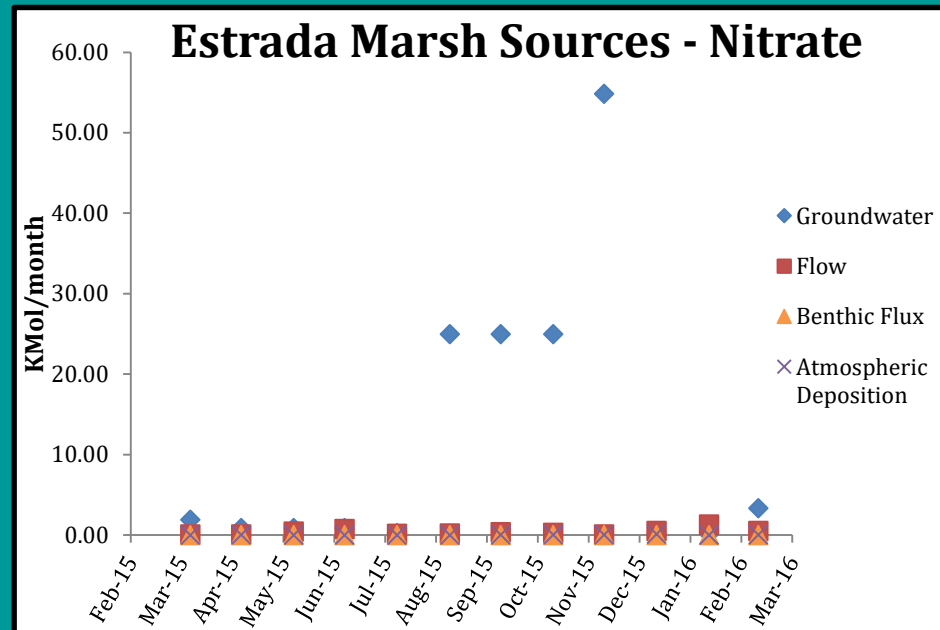
DISCUSSION



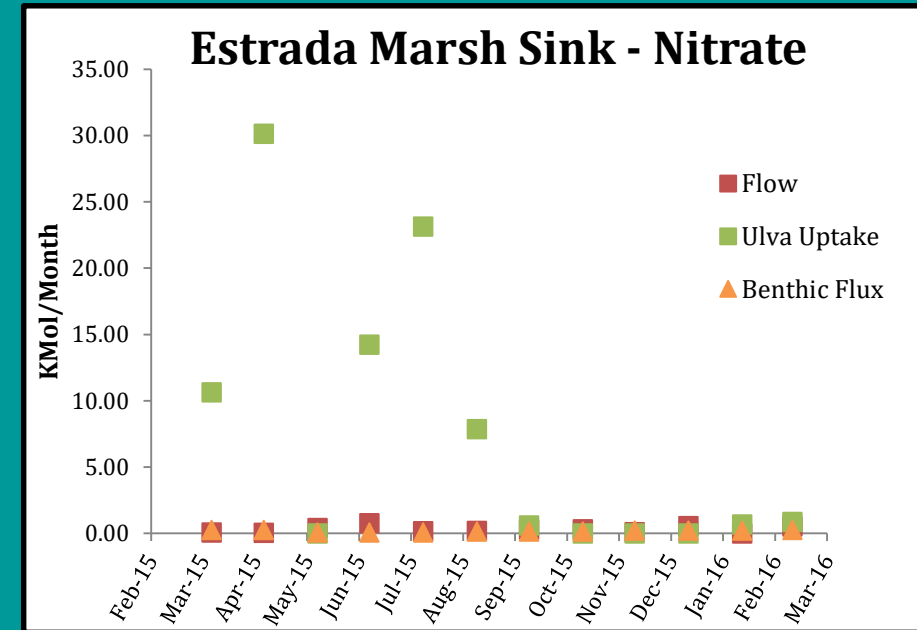


Water Column processes = Sources – Sinks

Box Model: Nutrient Drivers



Main Nitrate Source: **Groundwater**

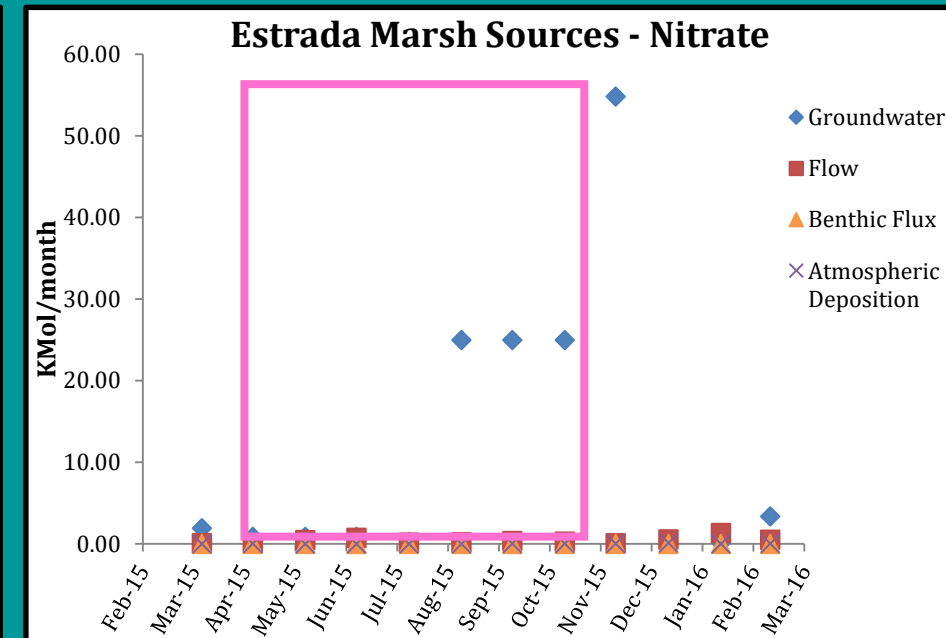
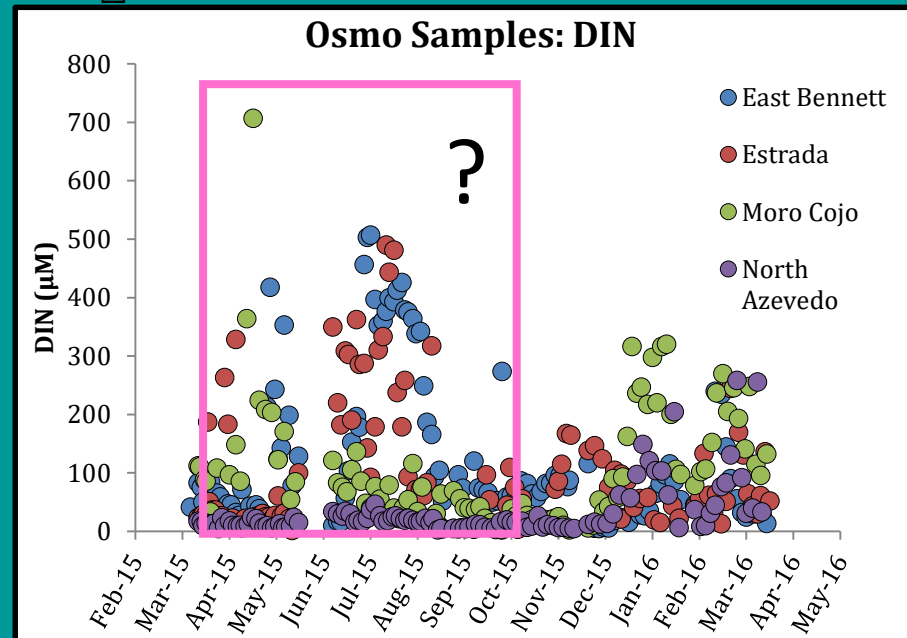


Main Nitrate Sink: ***Ulva* Uptake**

Box Model: Nutrient Drivers

Groundwater Flux		
	September 2015 – Dry Season	March 2016 – Wet Season
Moro Cojo Slough	398.64 m ³ /day	1304.64 m ³ /day
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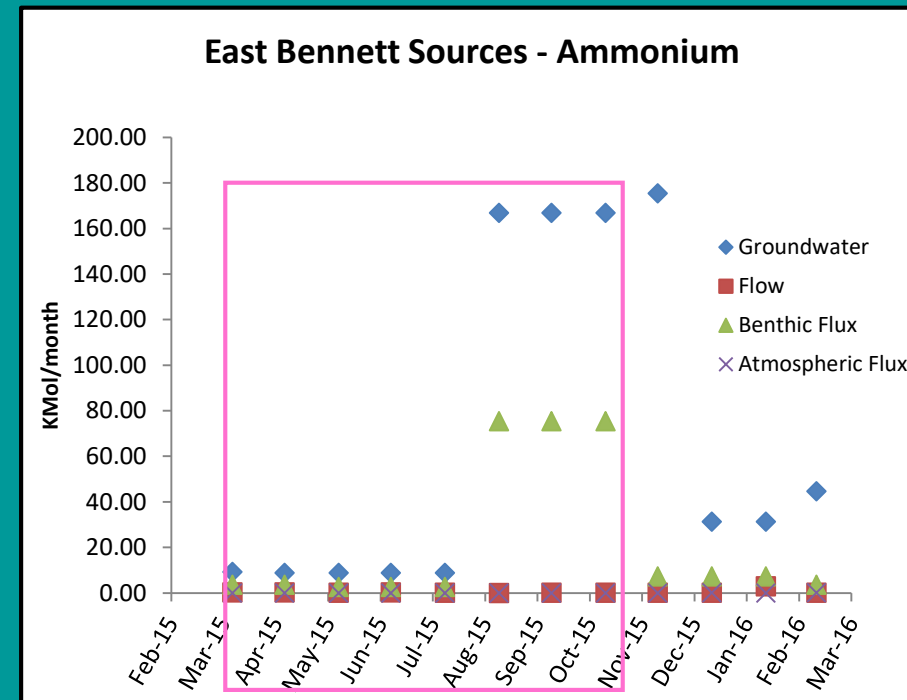
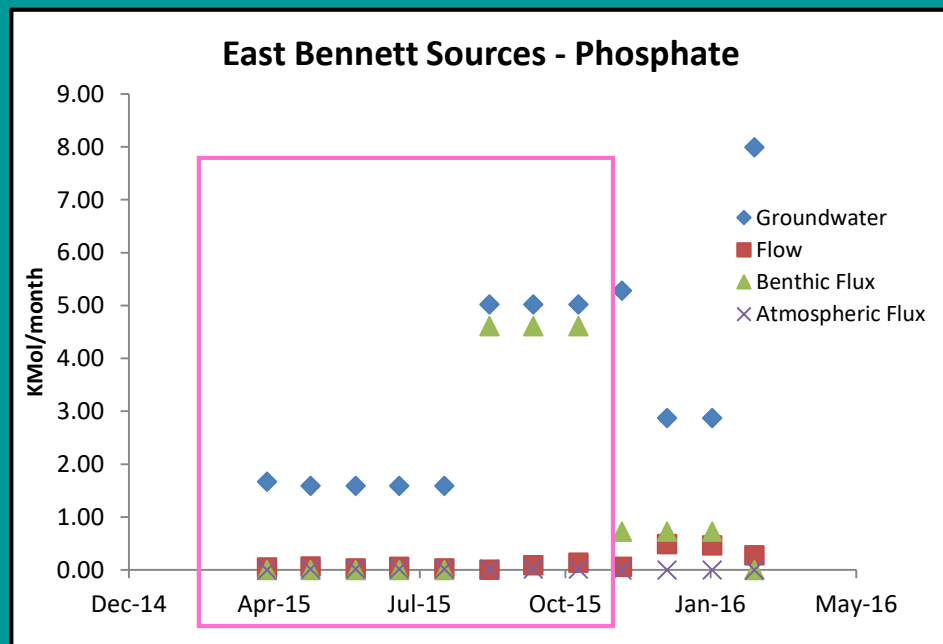
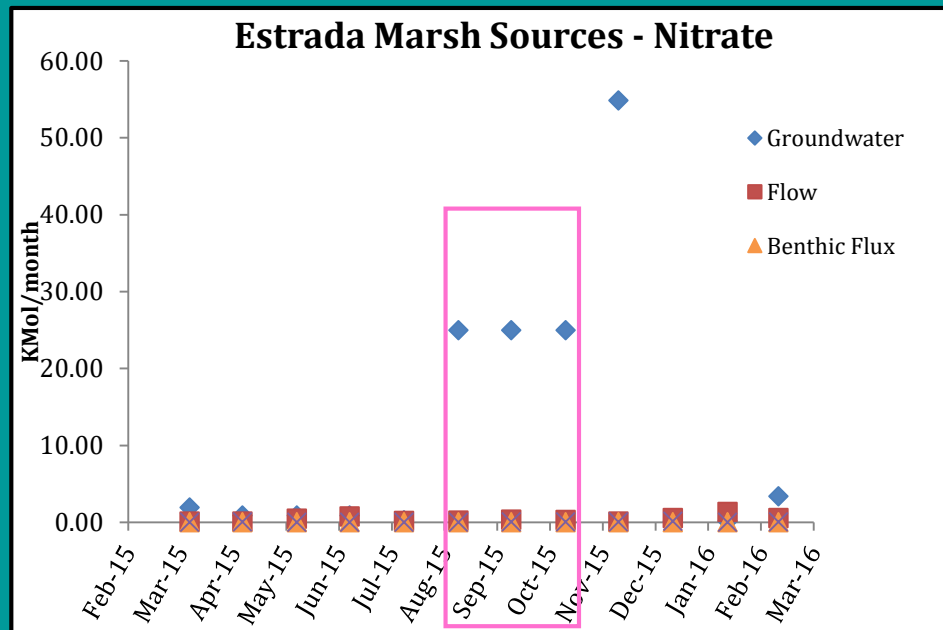
?

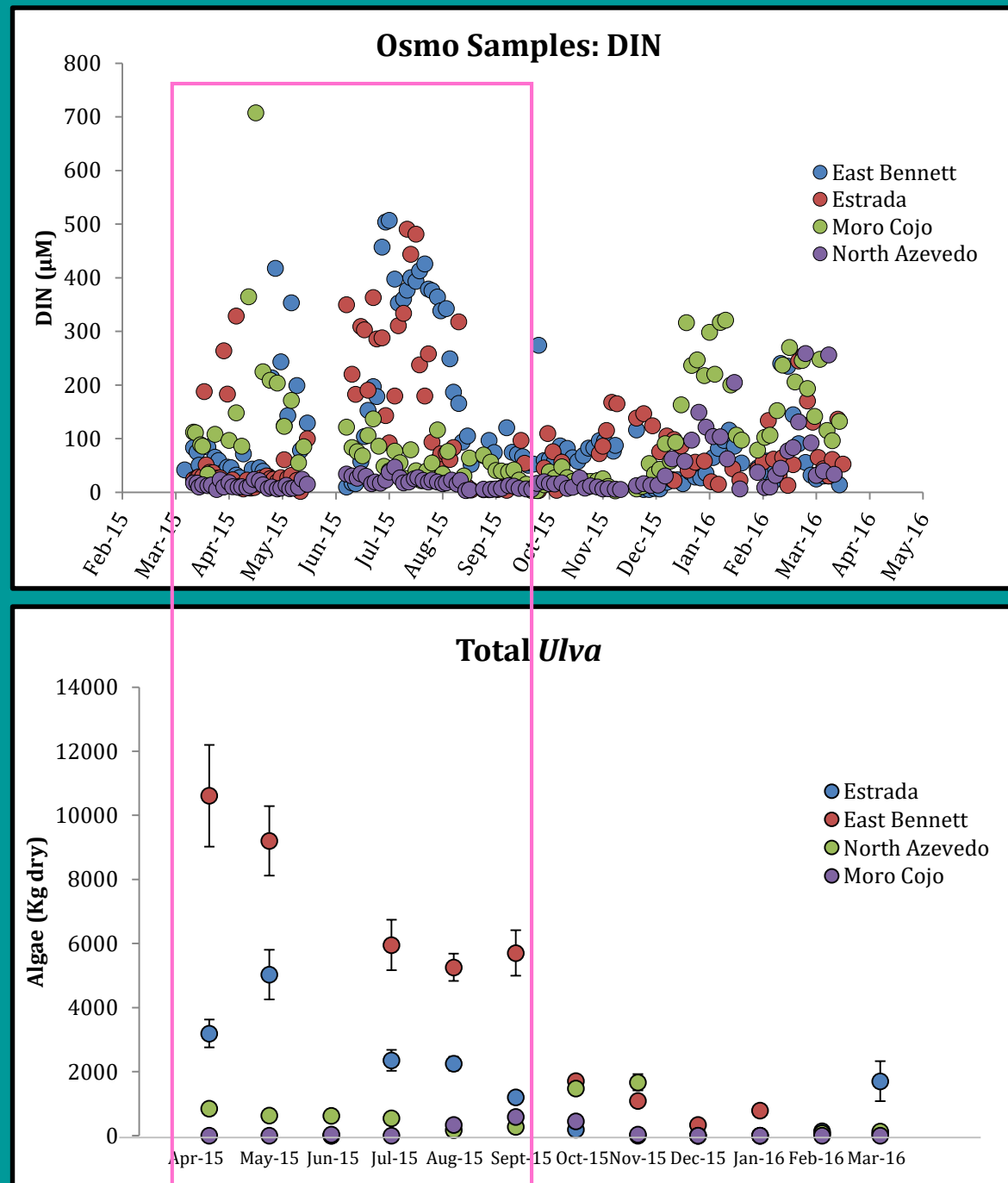


Low Groundwater Flow In Dry Season
 High Nutrient Concentrations In Dry Season

Monthly Averages & Records - °F °C					
Date	Average Low	Average High	Record Low	Record High	Average Precipitation
January	39°	61°	20° (1949)	81° (1962)	4.46"
February	42°	63°	24° (1989)	85° (1986)	4.84"
March	44°	64°	28° (1966)	87° (2005)	3.63"
April	46°	68°	31° (1953)	98° (2004)	1.69"
May	49°	69°	31° (1978)	98° (1997)	0.6"
June	52°	71°	38° (1952)	103° (1973)	0.11"
July	54°	72°	40° (1948)	103° (1959)	0.01"
August	54°	72°	41° (1963)	98° (1993)	0.02"
September	53°	74°	37° (1950)	105° (1971)	0.21"
October	48°	72°	29° (1949)	106° (1987)	1.1"
November	43°	67°	25° (1991)	93° (1956)	2.74"
December	39°	61°	12° (1990)	84° (1958)	4.25"

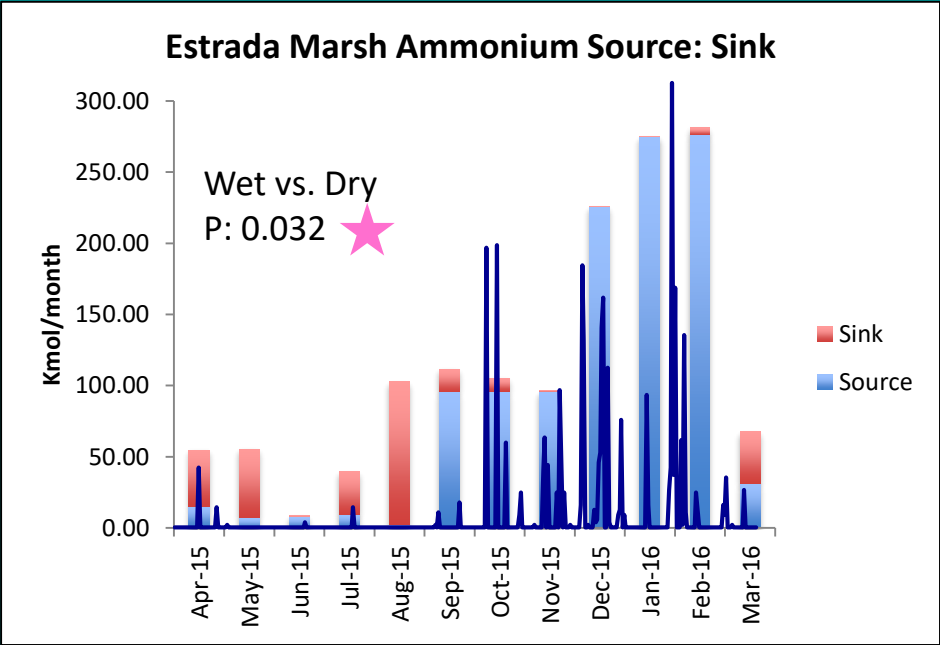
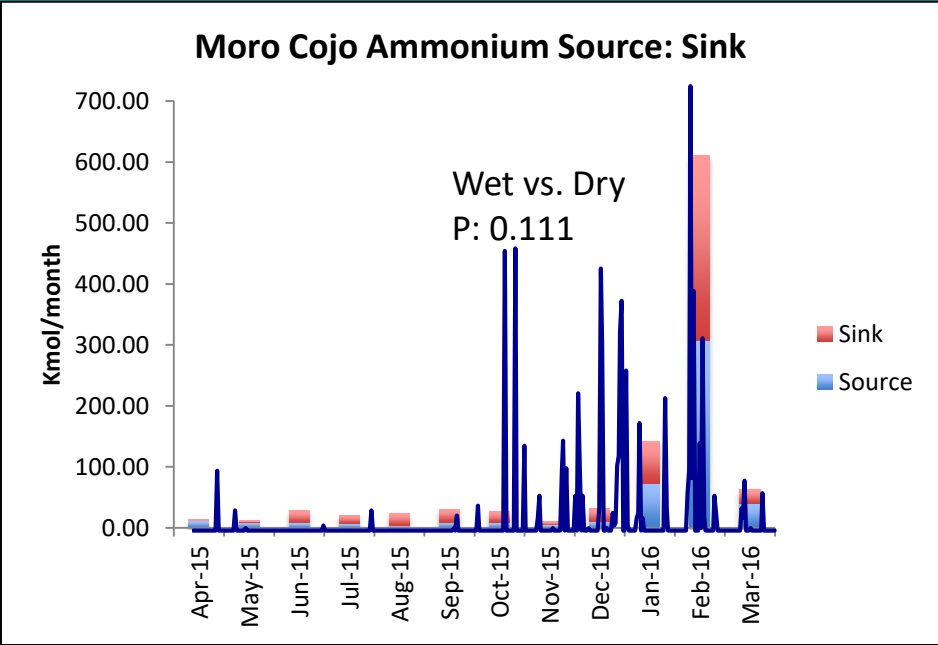
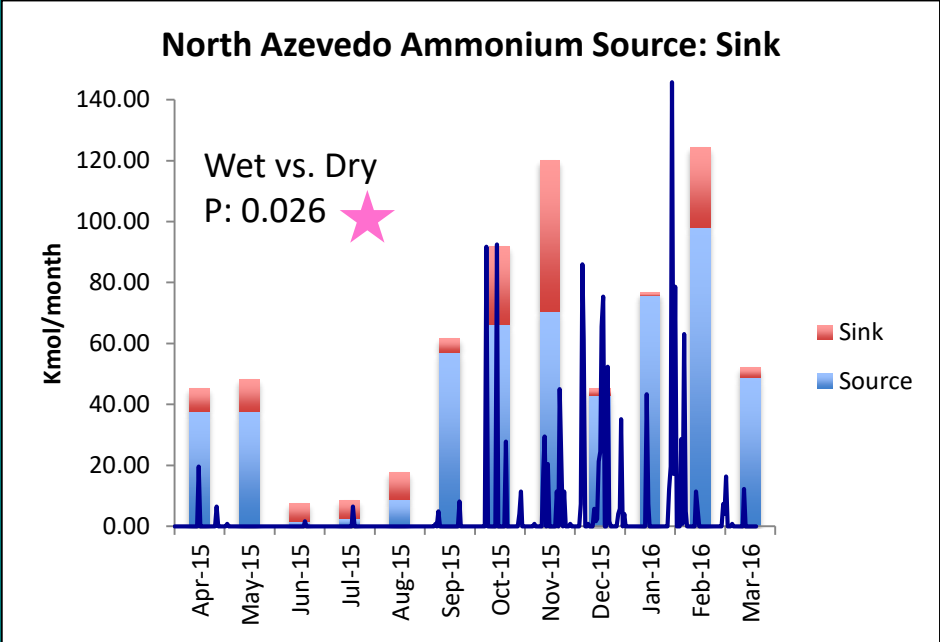
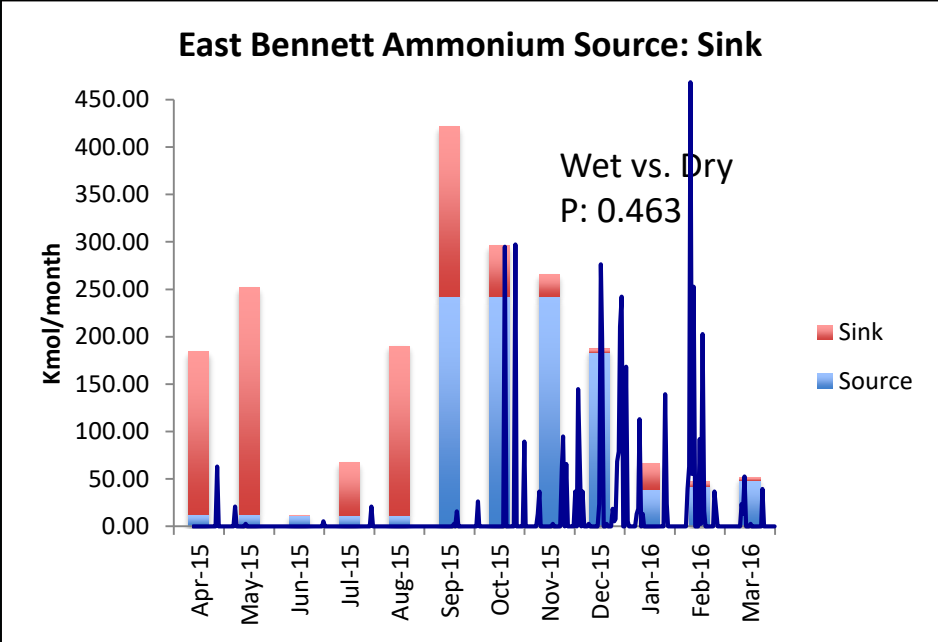




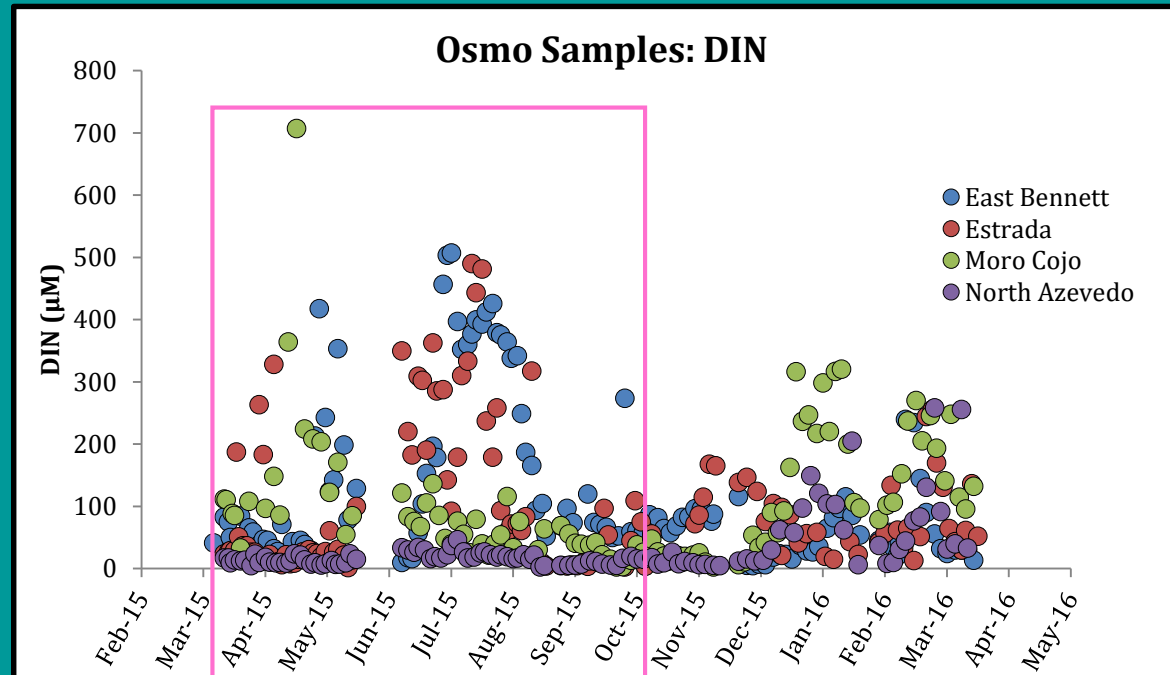


Box Model: Nutrient Loading Source: Sink

Discussion



Dry Season Nutrient Concentrations Can Be Higher Than Wet Season Nutrient Concentrations



Wet Season/Dry Season Dichotomy

	<u>Sources</u>	<u>Sinks</u>
<u>Wet Season</u>	Surface Water Flow	Surface Water Flow
<u>Dry Season</u>	Groundwater Flux	Ulva Uptake

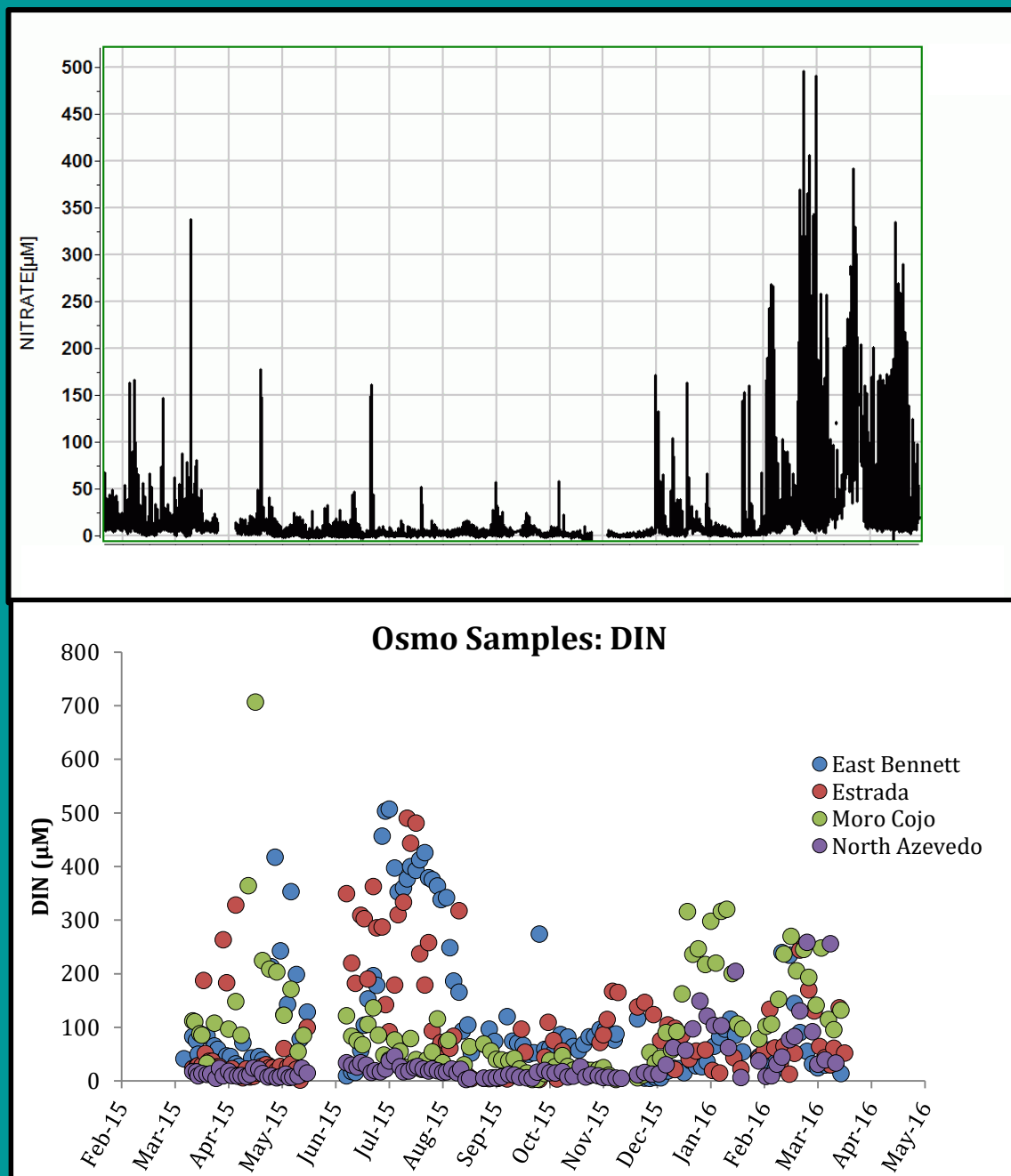
Ulva Rapidly Responds to Variability in Nutrient Concentrations → Dominant Feature In These Regions



- Decrease Marsh Stability
- Increase Erosion

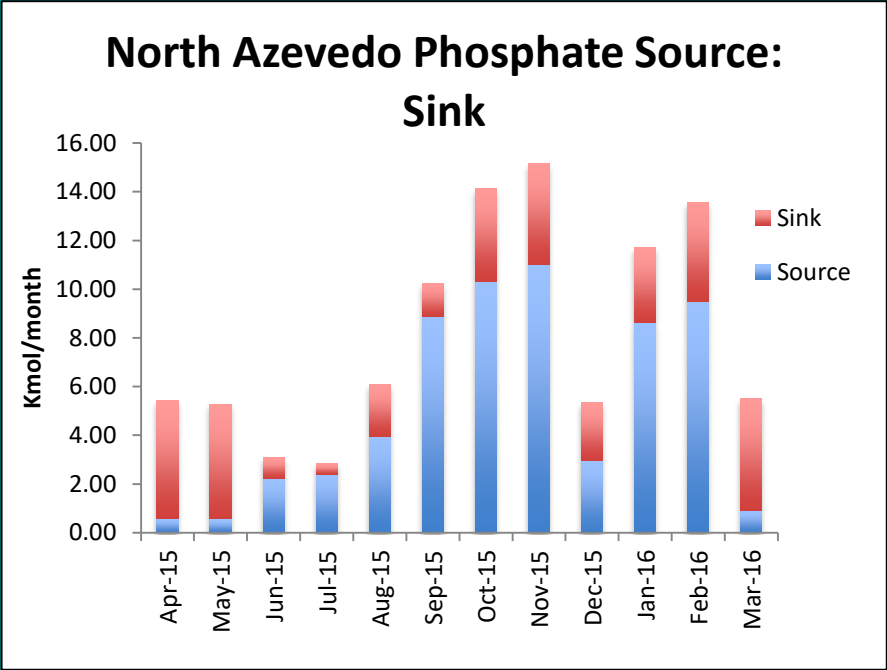
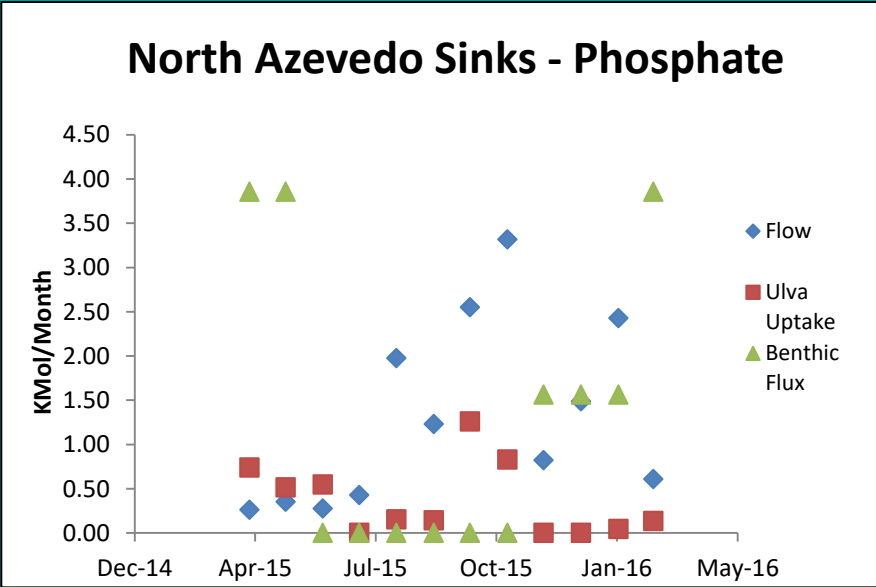
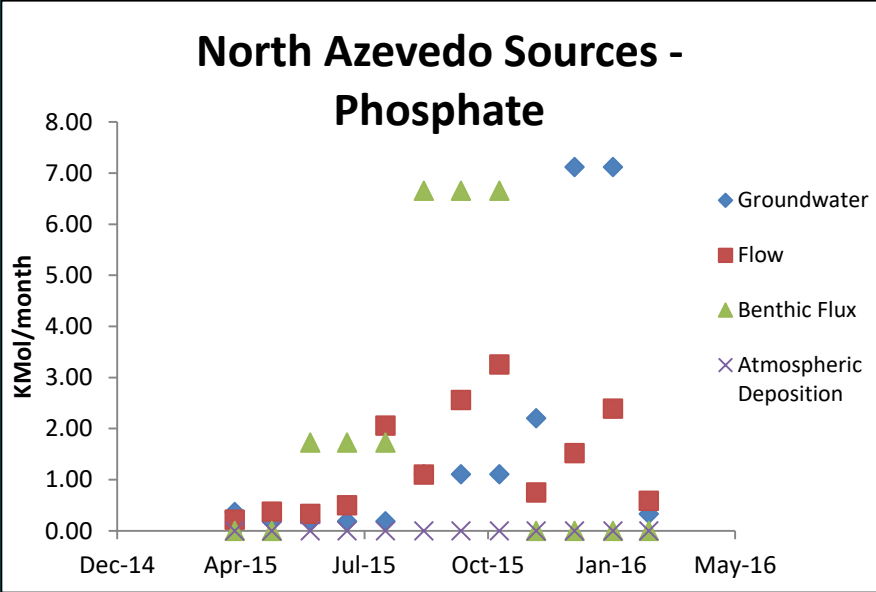
Wasson *et al.*, 2017

The End!



Box Model: Summary

Discussion



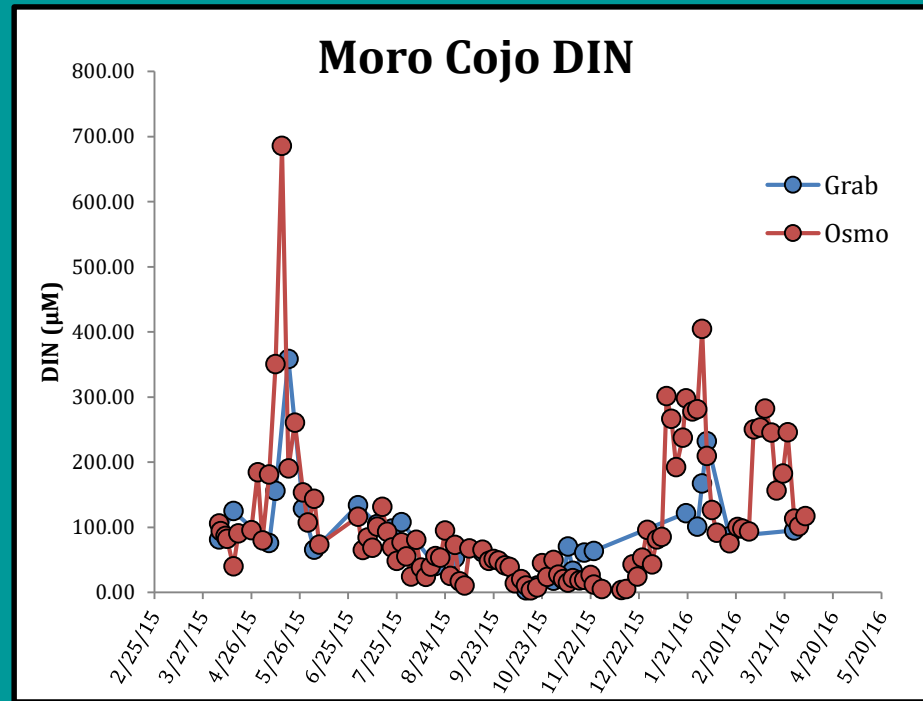
Box Model: Source & Sink Sum

<u>Site</u>	<u>Month</u>	<u>Source (Kmol)</u>	<u>Sink (Kmol)</u>	<u>Nutrient</u>	<u>Source - Sink</u>	<u>Yearly Sum</u>
East Bennett	Apr-15	12.97	171.85	Ammonium	-158.88	155.75
	May-15	12.54	239.50		-226.95	
	Jun-15	11.46	0.14		11.32	
	Jul-15	11.55	55.21		-43.66	
	Aug-15	11.42	178.71		-167.29	
	Sep-15	242.23	179.66		62.57	
	Oct-15	242.37	53.59		188.78	
	Nov-15	242.39	23.25		219.15	
	Dec-15	182.89	4.25		178.64	
	Jan-16	38.72	27.91		10.81	
	Feb-16	41.47	5.36		36.10	
	Mar-16	48.38	3.22		45.16	

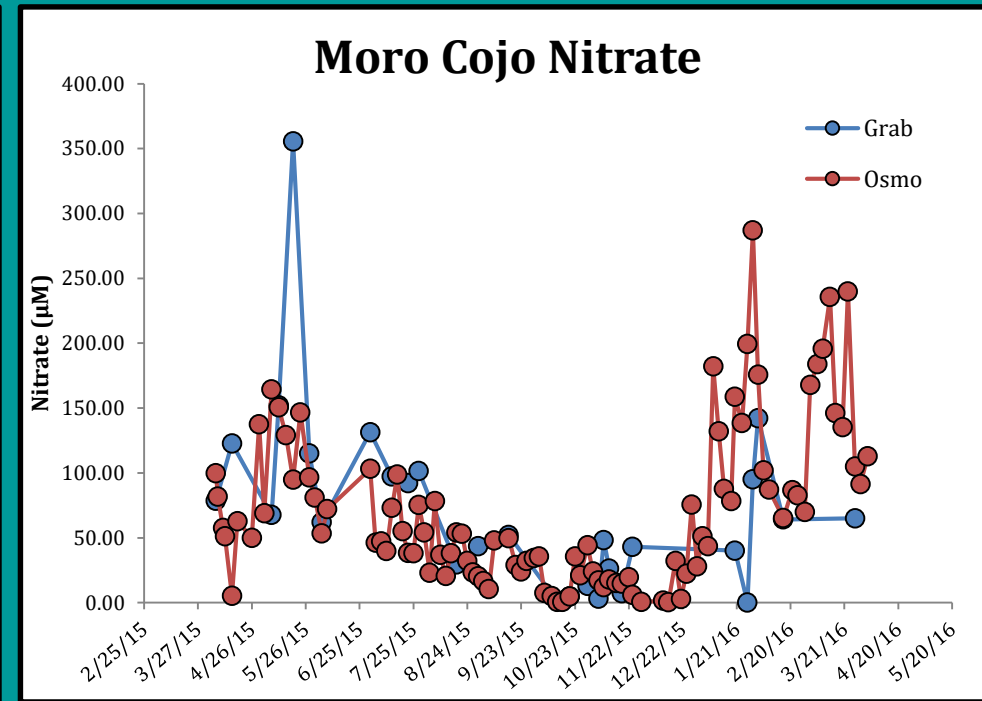
Steady State: Sources = Sinks

Never Reached 0, Never Reached Steady State

Osmo Sampler vs. Grab sampler



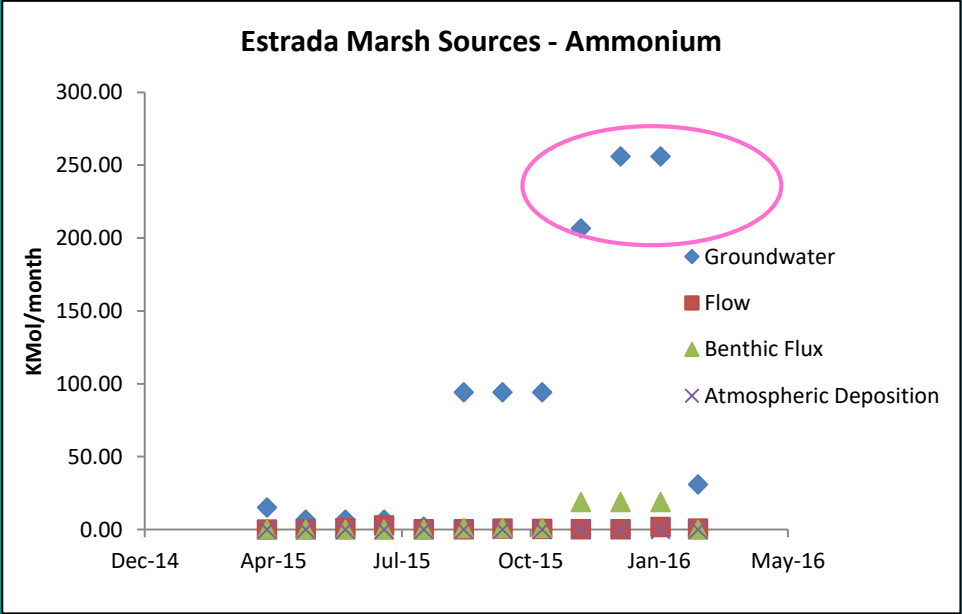
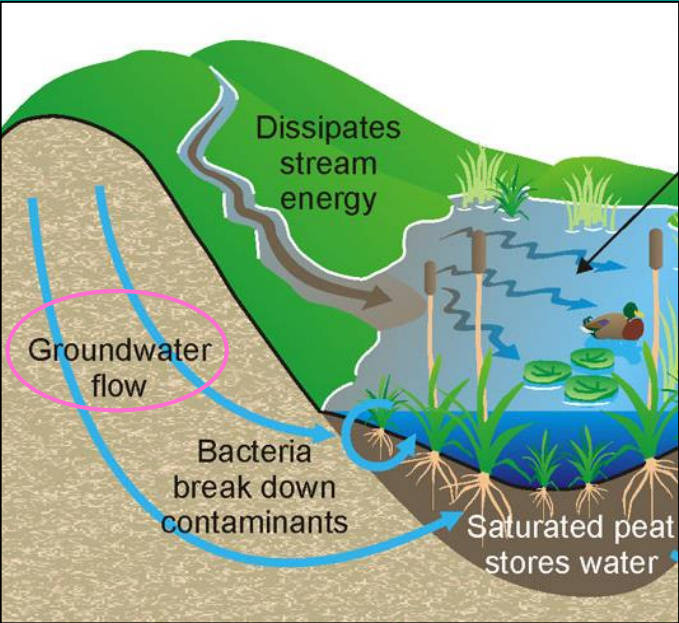
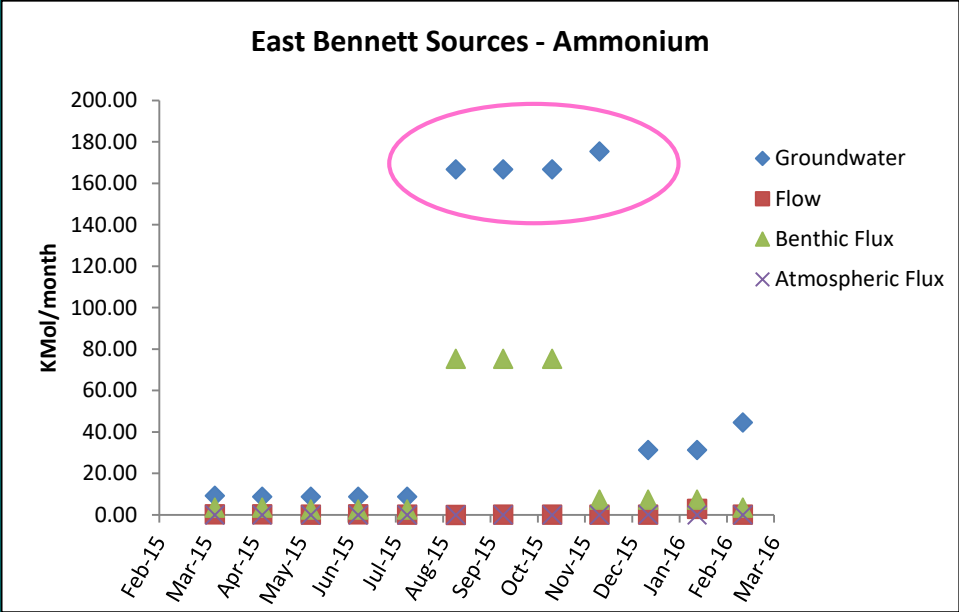
Osmo Sampler
Nitrate vs. Grab
Sample DIN
 $R^2 = 0.17$



Osmo Sampler
Nitrate vs. Grab
Sample Nitrate
 $R^2 = 0.05$

Interesting Finding → Future Work

Conclusion

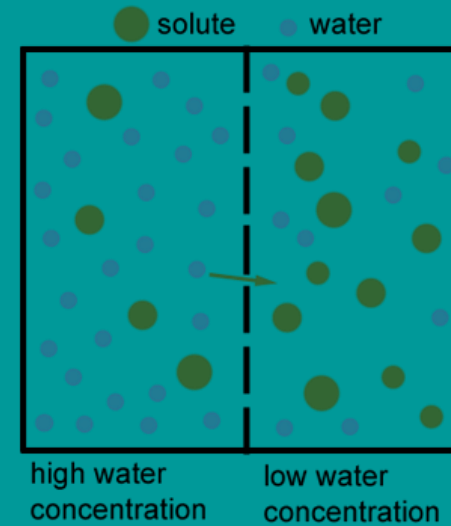
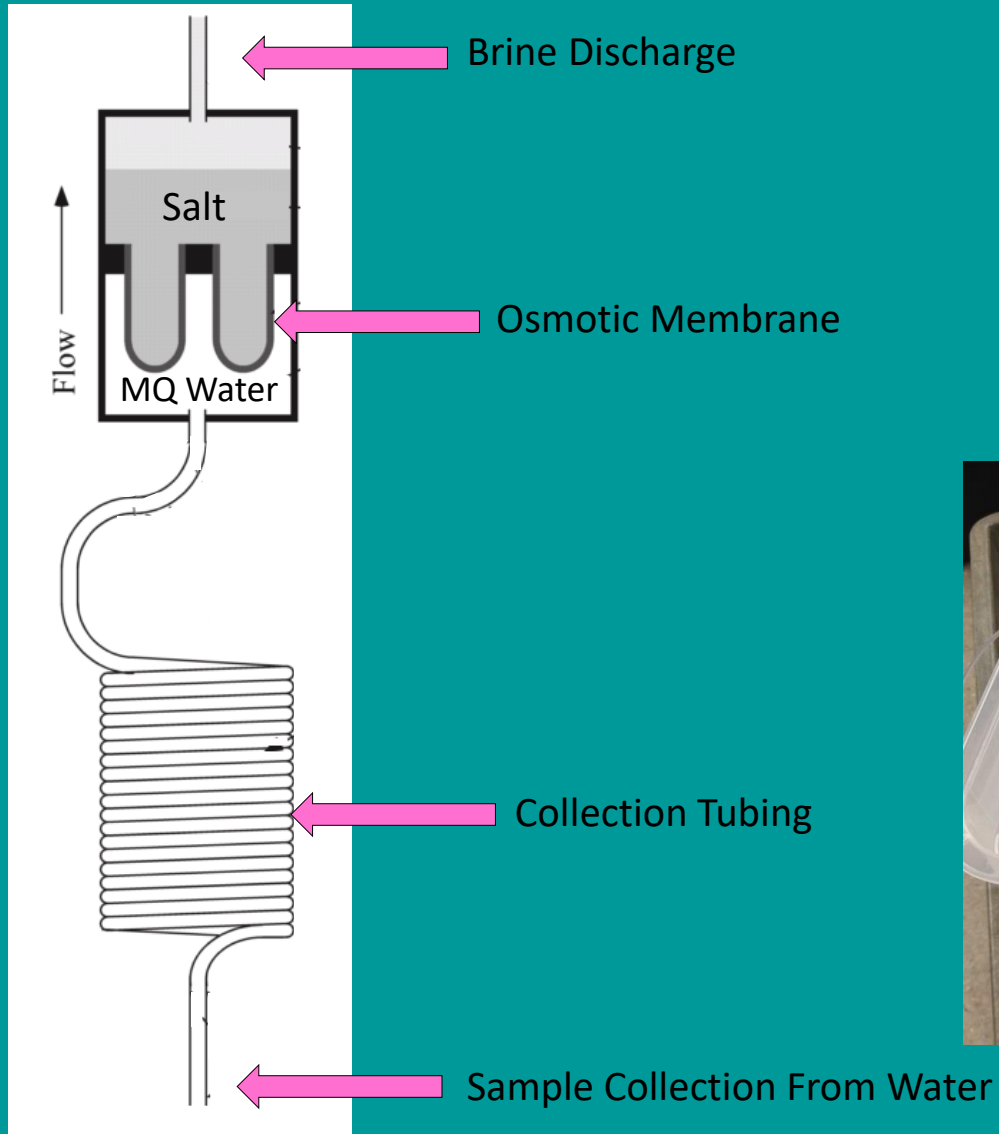


Nutrient Monitoring in Surface Waters:

Methods

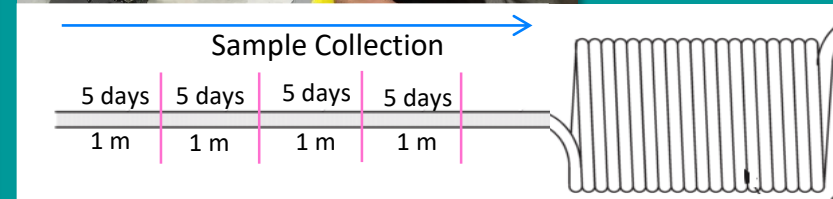
OsmoSamplers

Continuous



Nutrient Monitoring in Surface Waters: OsmoSamplers

Methods



Porewater Nutrient Concentrations:

Methods

Porewater: Diffusive Flux
Seasonal



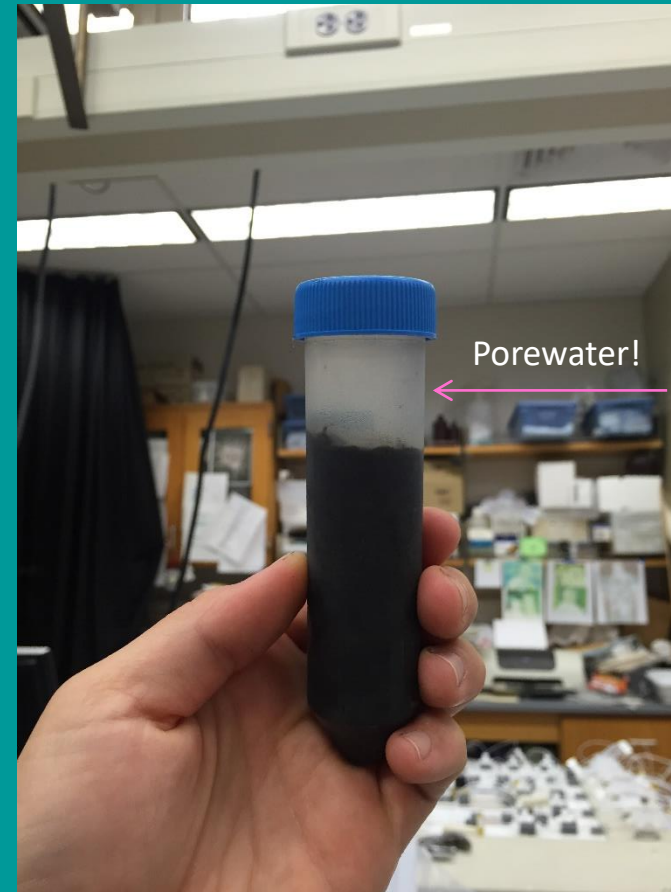
$$F_D = -(\phi D_w / \theta^2) (\delta C / \delta x)$$

F = flux of solute with concentration C at depth x

Θ = tortuosity (dimensionless)

Φ = porosity

D_w = molecular diffusion coefficient



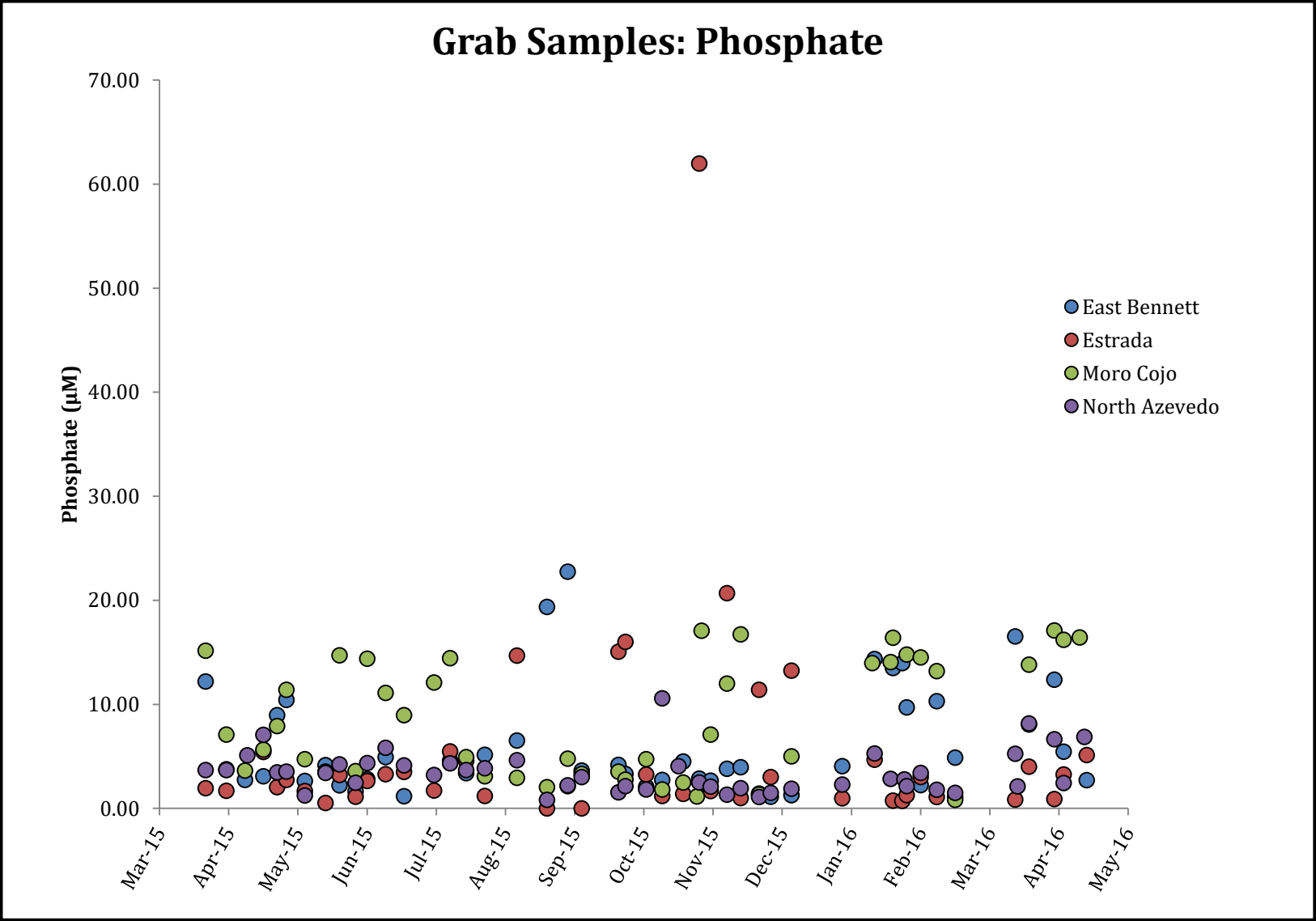
Diffusive Flux Measurements

		Phosphate $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$	Nitrate $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$	Ammonium $\mu\text{mol}/\text{m}^2/\text{day}$
East Bennett	Summer 2015	3.57	3.72	33.40
	Fall 2015	16.81	107.31	590.52
	Winter 2016	6.05	234.02	92.51
	Spring 2016	22.35	★ 0.50	142.83
Estrada Marsh	Summer 2015	-1.17	-78.66	45.20
	Fall 2015	31.66	138.97	523.17
	Winter 2016	34.10	★ -0.59	646.15
	Spring 2016	51.15	-73.91	81.81
Moro Cojo	Summer 2015	3.27	-0.85	21.58
	Fall 2015	-0.49	76.50	420.98
	Winter 2016	2.95	★ -37.66	99.90
	Spring 2016	0.25	-18.72	63.48
North Azevedo	Summer 2015	0.47	-0.18	1.21
	Fall 2015	4.63	0.14	101.78
	Winter 2016	18.71	★ -2.15	188.55
	Spring 2016	2.32	0.40	20.16

Surface Water Nutrients

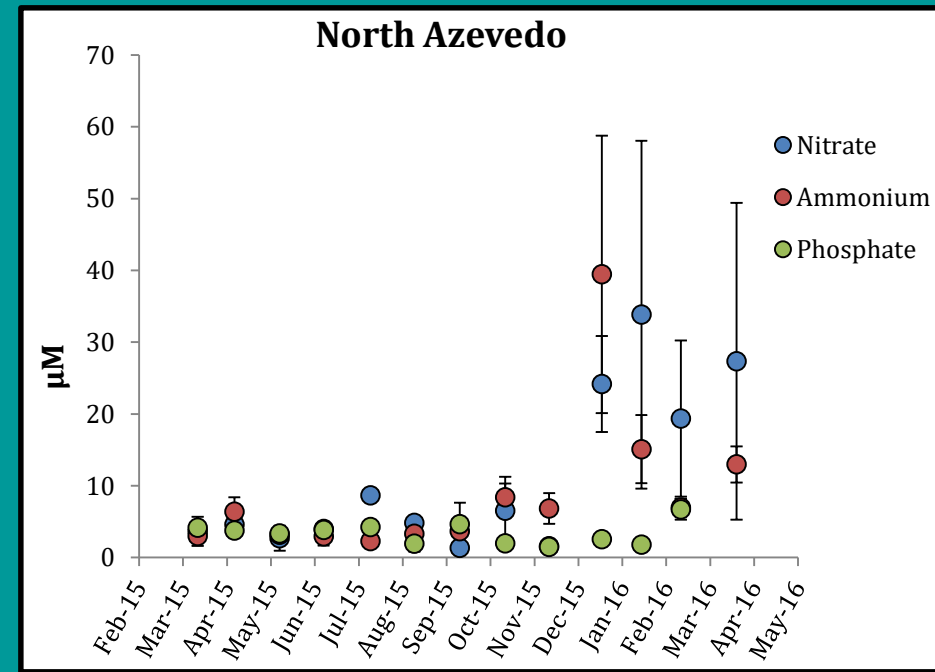
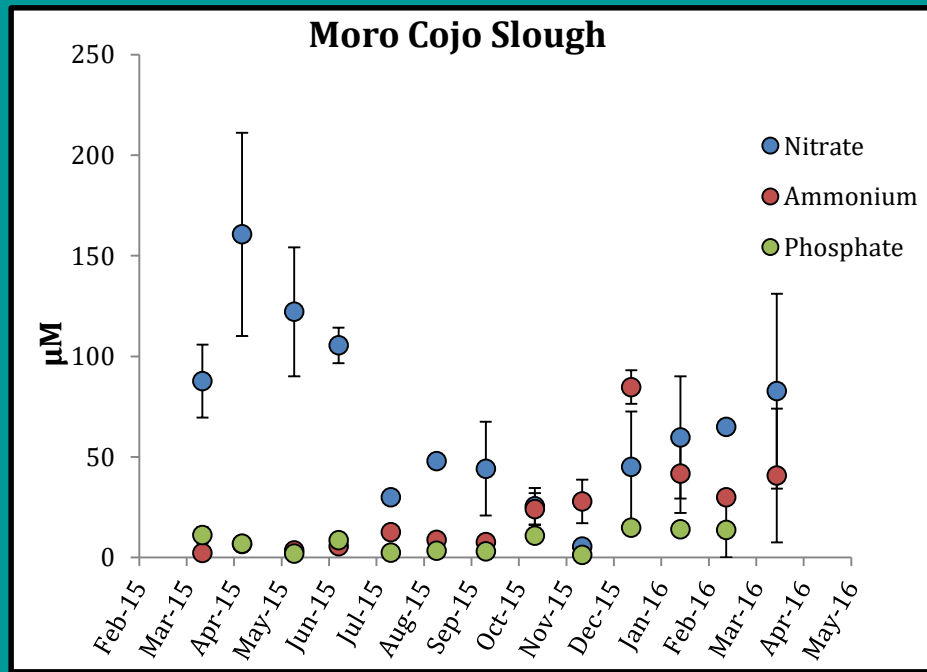
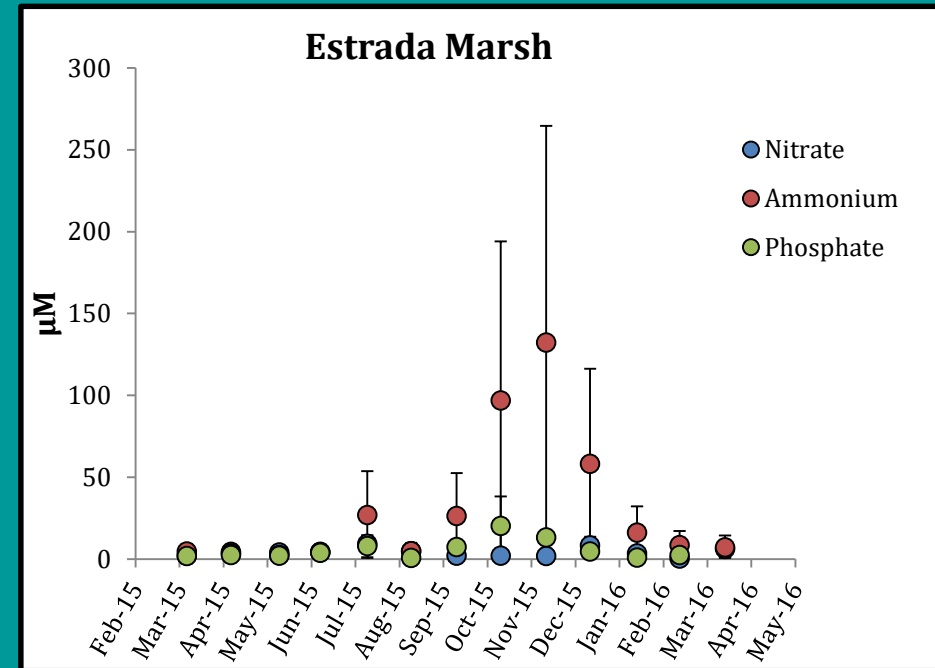
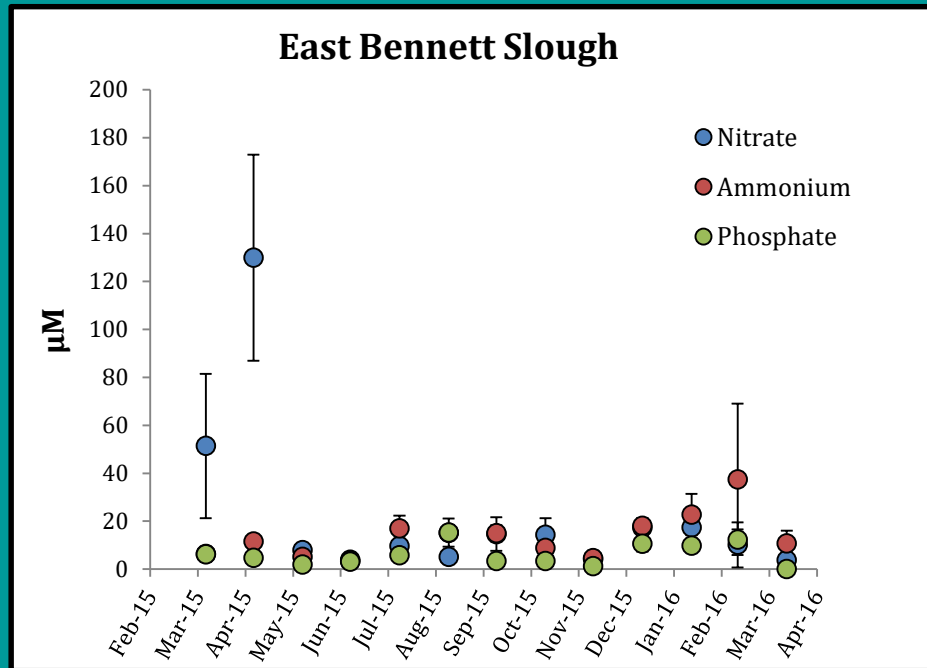
Grab Samples: Phosphate

Results



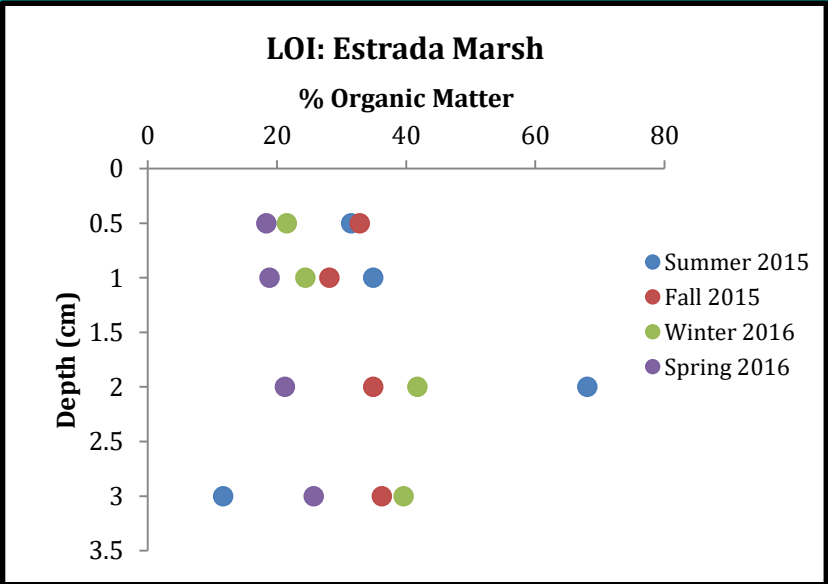
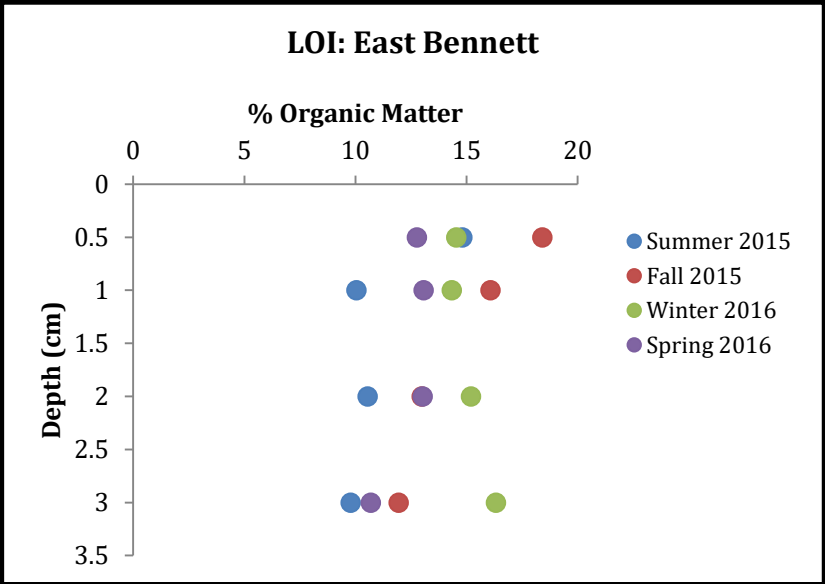
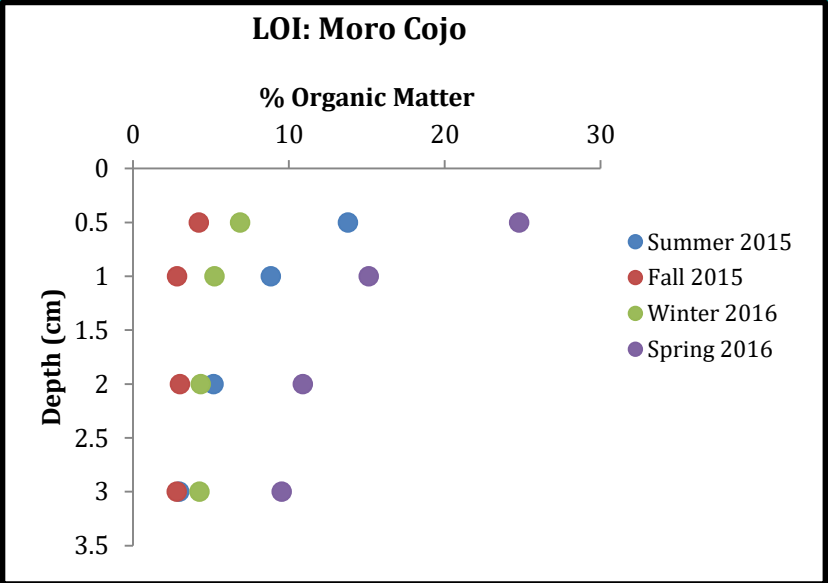
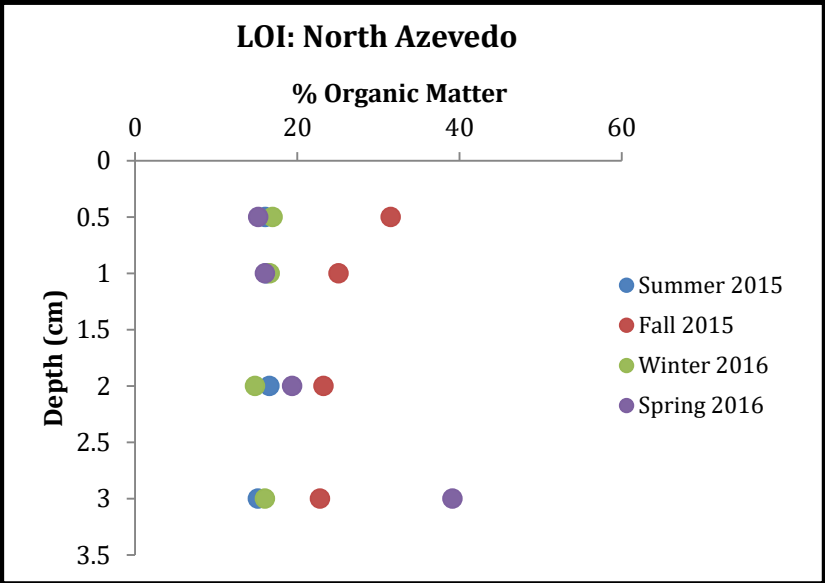
Surface Water Nutrients (mean grab samples)

Results

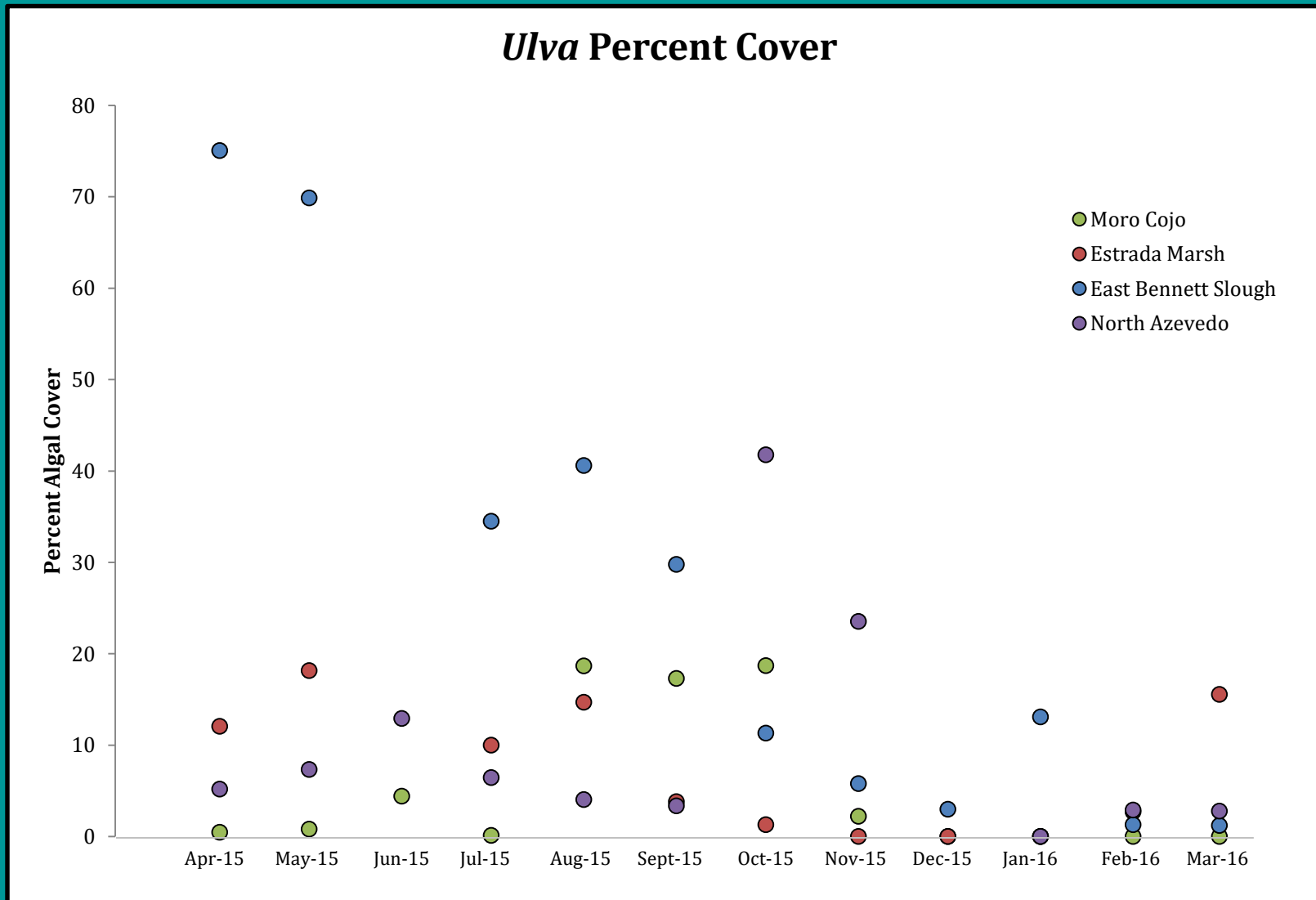


Sediment Organic Carbon Cores

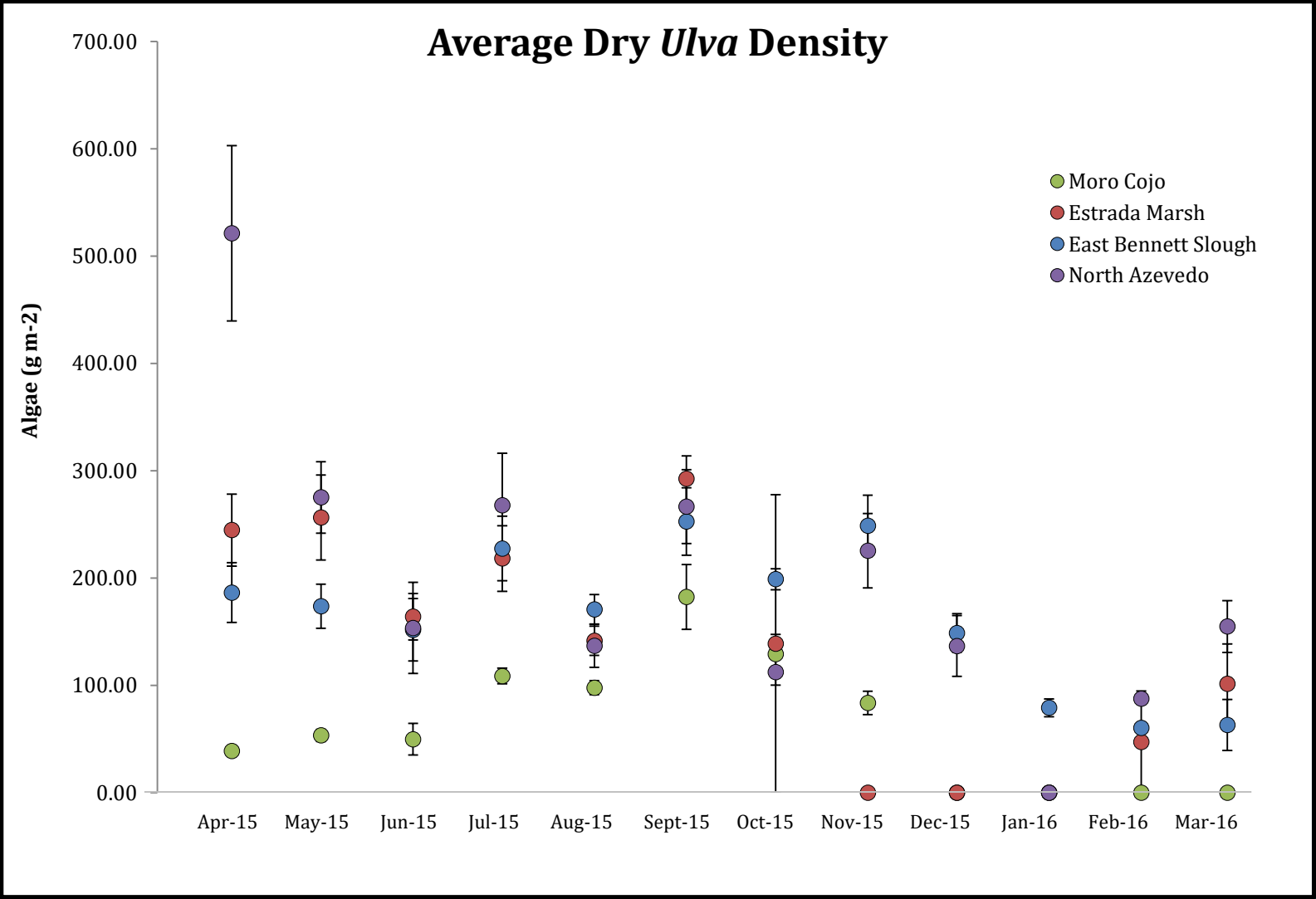
Results



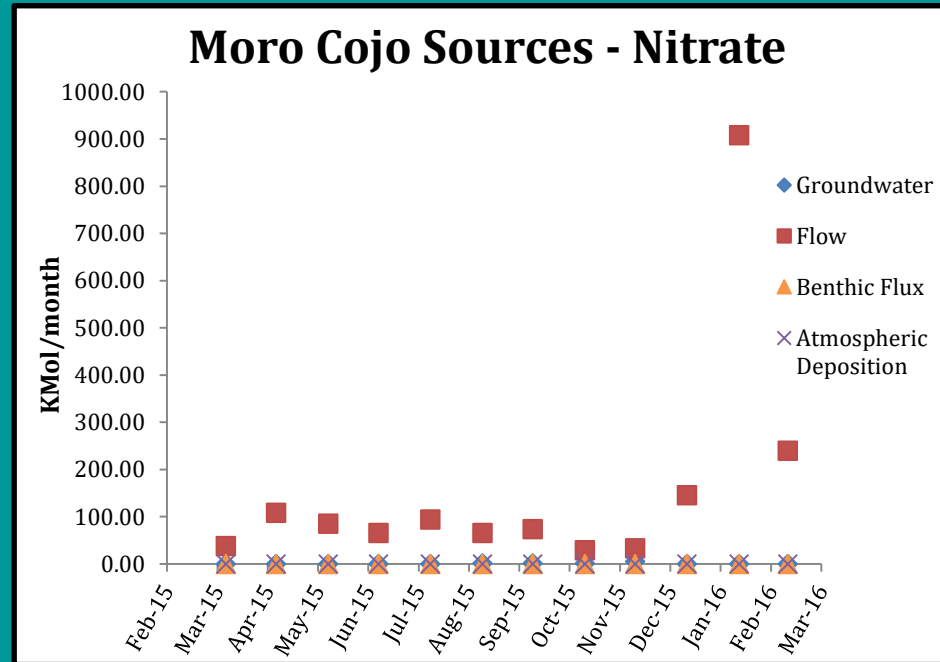
LOI: Loss On Ignition



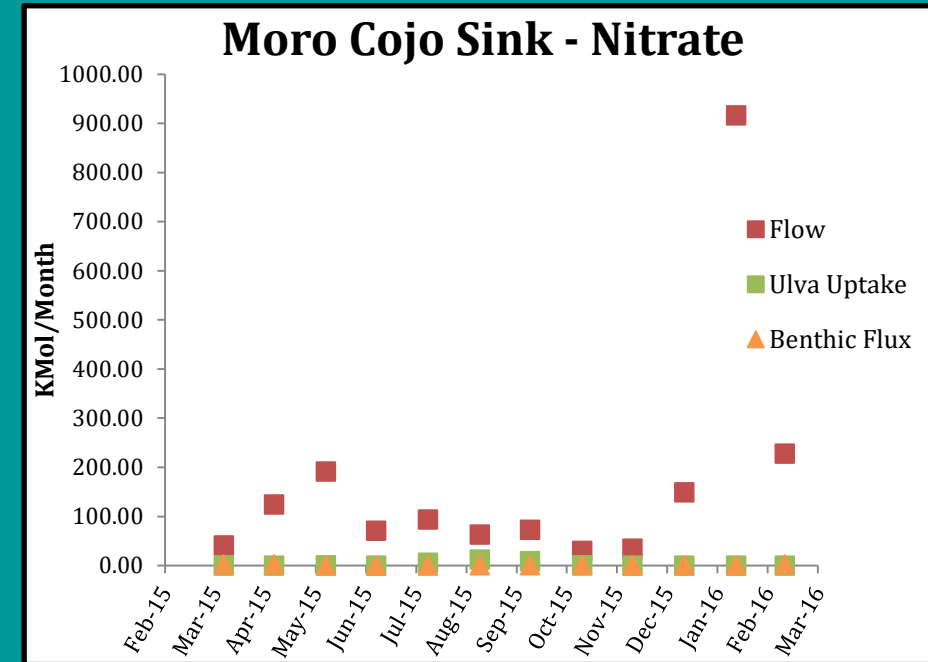
Ulva Biomass Density



Box Model: Nutrient Drivers



Main Nitrate Source: **Flow**



Main Nitrate Sink: **Flow**