## Monitoring Transect Data Form—Native Perennial Grass Foliar Absolute Cover (%--Line Point)

Samplers:			Recorder:		
Property Name:				Date:	Plot ID:
GPS Datum: GPS Coordi			nates:		Transect Length: <u>25m</u>
Transec	et Bearing:	Site	Slope %: Site Aspect:		
Line	· · · ·		Vegetation Description		
<i>m</i> 1	.5m	1m	Vegetation Allianc	e Name	
2					
3			Size of Stand<1 a	acre (ha) 1-5 ac	cres (ha) >5 acres (ha)
4			Adjacent Alliance	Names	
5			Common Plant Spe	ecies:	
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12			Foliar Absolute Cov	$\mathbf{pr} = the actual prop$	ortion of the ground surface
13			covered by a vertical	projection of foliag	e (by single species or defined
14			group of species) as viewed from above; applications to herbaceous foliage usually refer to any standing (attached to a living plant, and not lying on		
15					ead; this definition excludes litter ncludes mosses, lichens, and
16			recognizable crytogo	mic crusts; applicat	ions to woody foliage usually refer
17			because it is difficult		s between plant parts), in part bove.
18					l Grass Foliar Absolute Cover):
19			-	-	of sampling units; randomly or its, and their center points.
20			2. For each sample	unit, find the centra	l point of the sampling unit;
21			select a compass	direction, and lay o	point; randomly or systematically ut a 25 meter tape marking the
22				kes to hold the tape t lownhill (or left) side	aught. e, use a vertical point at each half-
23				ill (or right) side of	the tape to identify the top hit of
24			4. Record a "hit" i	f the top (highest) his	t is a native perennial grass; if the
25			top hit is any oth	er kind of plant, ther	n do not record the hit.
# hits % cov			Bartolome, Hayes, a	nd Ford v.03 (2007)	
10000					